

THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER

SEPTEMBER 27 • 1947

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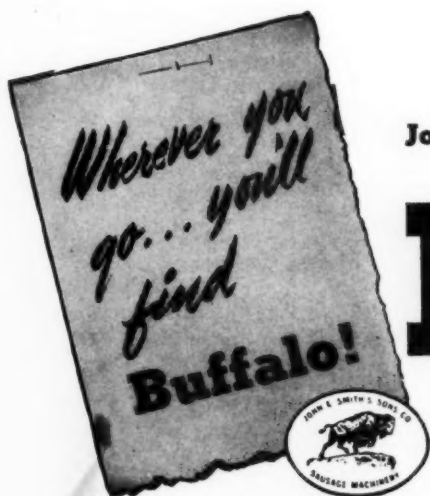
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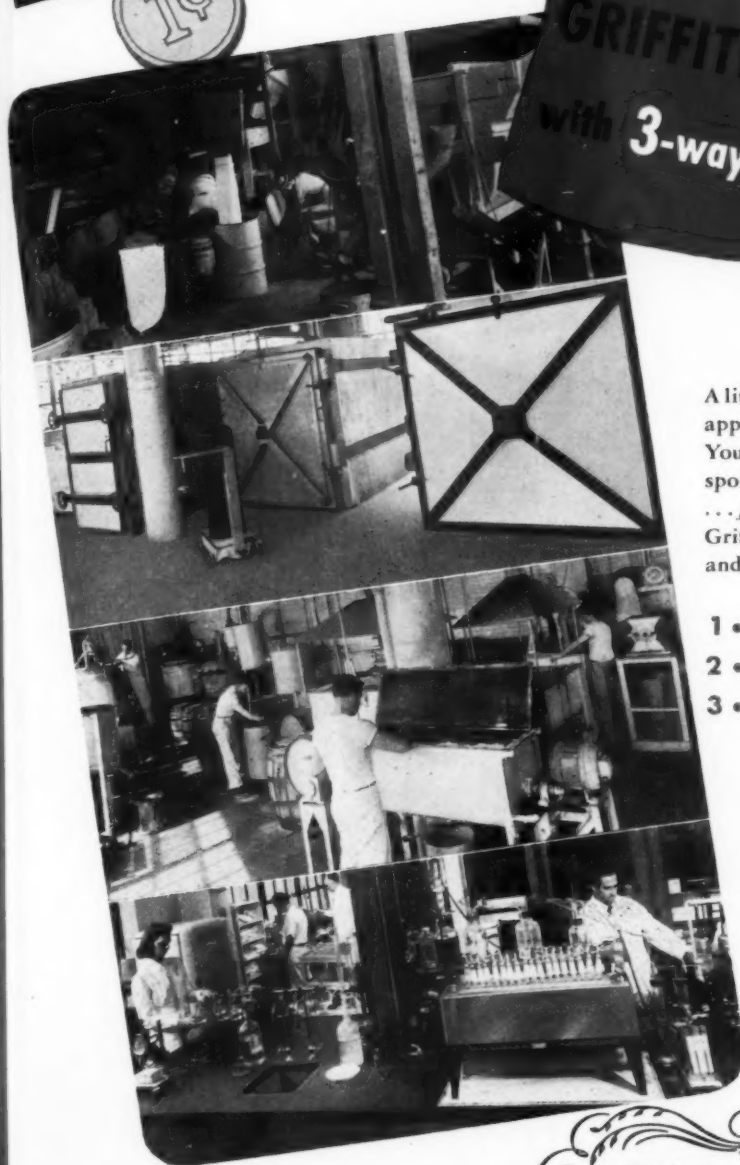
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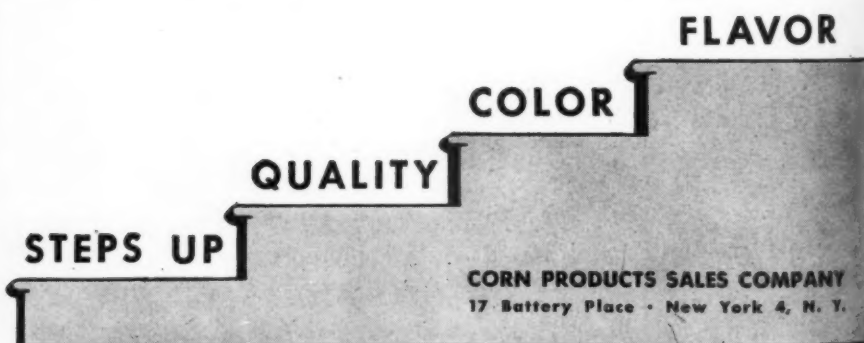
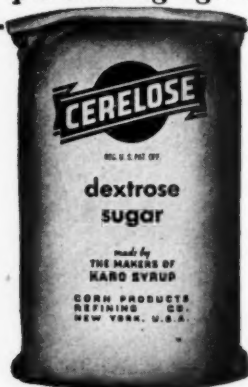
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THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER

Volume 117

SEPTEMBER 27, 1947

Number 13

Table of Contents

Government Meat Price Investigation..	9
Taft-Hartley Act Analyzed.....	11
Packers' Sales, Net Profit Up in 1946..	10
Australian Meat Processing Methods..	13
Western Group Announces Objectives..	9
Progress of Foot-Mouth Control.....	24
Additional USDA Research Studies....	17
Motor Transport Page.....	15
August Processed Meats Report.....	27
Up and Down the Meat Trail.....	19
Recent Patents	28
Meat and Gravy.....	46
Classified Advertising	45

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Washington: D. H. HOLMES, 719 11th St. N. W.,
Published weekly at 407 So. Dearborn St., Chicago (5), Ill.,
U. S. A. by The National Provisioner, Inc. Yearly subscriptions:
U. S., \$4.50; Canada, \$6.50, Foreign countries, \$6.50 Single
copies, 25 cents. Copyright 1947 by The National Provisioner,
Inc. Trade Mark registered in U. S. Patent Office. Entered as
second-class matter October 9, 1919, at the Post Office at Chi-
cago, Ill., under the act of March 3, 1879.

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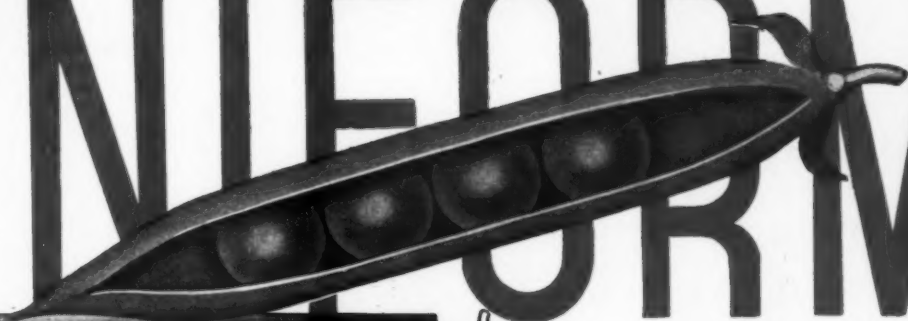
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PUBLISHED BY THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, INC.

THOS. McERLEAN, *Chairman of the Board* • LESTER I. NORTON
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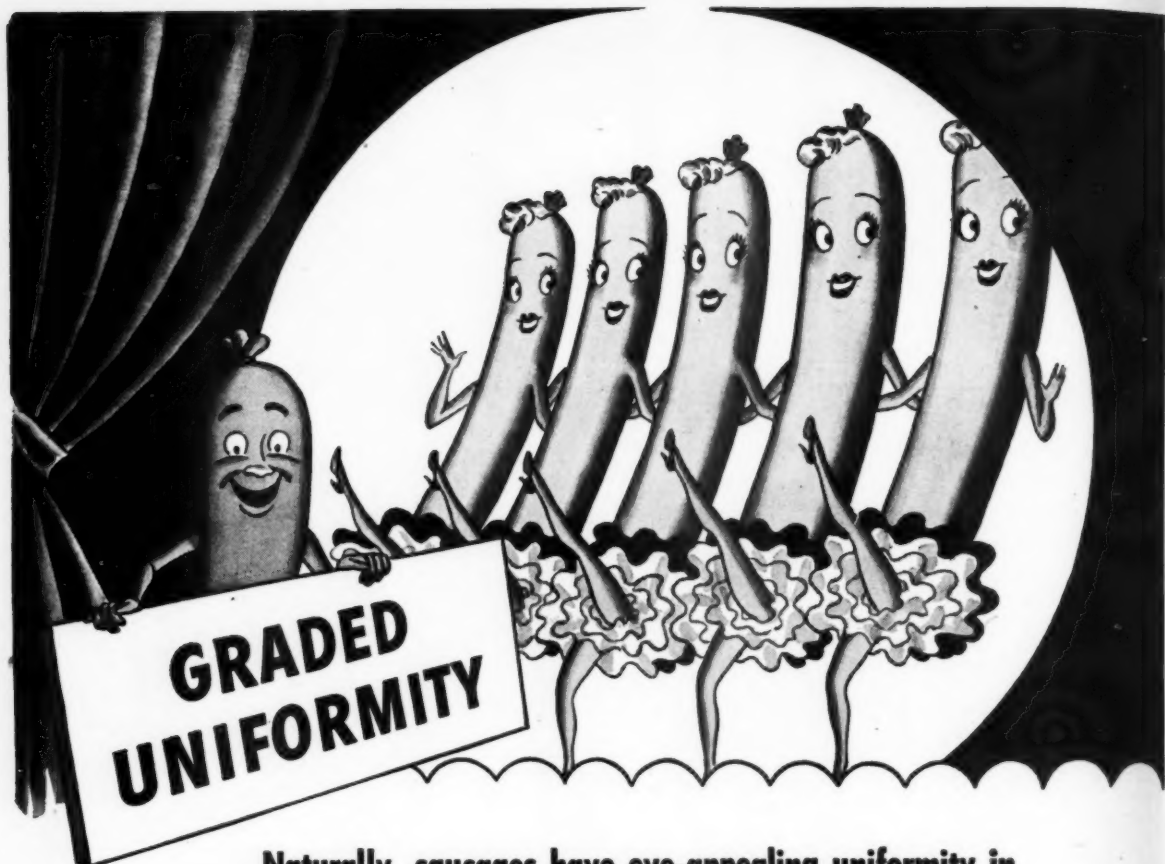
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DIRECTORS OF WESTERN GROUP SET OBJECTIVES

The board of directors of the Western States Meat Packers Association at a meeting in San Francisco on September 17 selected February 12, 13 and 14 as convention dates (see the Provisioner of September 20, page 7) and set up a number of objectives for association activity. Under these policy directives the association will:

1: Use all of its resources to carry on a campaign at the next session of Congress to see that federal funds are restored to the U. S. Department of Agriculture for federal meat inspection.

2: Use its best efforts to secure reconsideration by both the North Coast and South Coast railroads serving the Pacific area of the three-stop privilege which is now in effect on fresh meat and packinghouse products on meat shipped from the Midwest to this area, and also to oppose strenuously all future attempts to circumvent or lower present existing rates on fresh meats and packinghouse products westbound.

3: Urge all members of the association to give very close scrutiny and consideration to the recommendations made to the membership by the hide committee for improvement in the quality of Pacific Coast hides.

4: Urge the USDA to speed the establishment of market news service offices on dressed meats at Los Angeles and Portland without undue delay.

5: Urge members of the association to keep in touch with the officers of the association with respect to labor matters and that all new contracts or renewals of present contracts and their terms be submitted to the association office for informational purposes.

6: Investigate thoroughly the possibilities of a group insurance program which would cover life, health and accident policies for the benefit of employees of member companies and send out questionnaires to obtain information on employees which would enable insurance companies to quote a group rate to the entire industry.

ICC Rejects Proposal For Middlewest Rate Inquiry

A proposal by the Middlewest Motor Freight Bureau that the Interstate Commerce Commission investigate motor carrier rates on meat and dairy product shipments in western trunk line territory was rejected this week. The Motor Freight Bureau had proposed that an inquiry into dairy and packinghouse shipments from Nebraska and Iowa to Chicago be broadened to include all rates of motor carriers. The ICC said circumstances did not justify enlarging the scope of the inquiry.

President Truman Urges Selective Buying of Meat; Investigation Proceeds in Secrecy

AN appeal by President Truman for the American people to take voluntary measures to waste less food and do more selective meat buying, and the imposition of "supreme secrecy" regulations on the government inquiry into meat prices before a special grand jury at Chicago, lent increased emphasis this week to the current widespread concern over the touchy food price and supply situation.

The Chief Executive told a crowded news conference at Washington that steps to curb consumption are needed to help meet the European food crisis and check the high cost of living at home. Voluntary food rationing will be one of the subjects he will put up to a newly formed 26-man Citizens Food Committee, he declared.

The President announced formation of the special committee under chairmanship of Charles Luckman, jr., president of Lever Bros. John Holmes, president of Swift & Company, is a member. When asked if he were going to recommend meatless days in the home, the President said that would be up to the food committee.

Mr. Truman declared he hoped an immediate stop-gap foreign relief program, as well as the long-range Marshall plan, could be handled without calling a special session of Congress. However, he said that the question of a special session would be up to a conference of congressional leaders which is scheduled for early next week.

The return of government price controls or rationing, suggested by many factions during the present boom in food and living costs, is up to the Congress, Mr. Truman stated.

The President opened his news conference by reading a statement outlining the special cabinet food commit-

tee's report which said that, in the face of sharply reduced corn production and continued high domestic grain demand, U. S. exports would not be equal to last

(The American Meat Institute on behalf of its more than 650 member companies located throughout the United States issued the following statement in connection with the President's suggestion: "We heartily endorse the President's suggestion that consumers be more selective in the foods they buy, especially livestock products such as meat, for the two purposes enumerated by Mr. Truman. Everyone can help if he will select more of the lower priced cuts of meat available in retail stores and not always insist on the fanciest grades, cuts and kinds. Further, our organization is supporting the efforts of agricultural colleges and others for meeting the situation caused by the short corn crop. These plans include various ways by which farmers can produce the greatest quantity of meat with the least possible use of corn—in other words, ways of conserving and extending this year's short corn crop are being suggested. The success of these plans will be largely dependent on government and other cooperation.")

year's total, even though world needs are far greater.

The report emphasized that "the most important measure and the only one which can both increase available supplies and relieve inflationary pressures is an all-out drive for domestic conservation." The committee made it clear that steps to reduce use of foodstuffs at home and to limit feeding of grain to livestock will be essential if world needs are to be met.

At Chicago, unusual secrecy precautions marked the federal investigation into the causes for high meat prices as the fifteen women and eight men members of the grand jury heard testimony of Haldor Mohat, a Department of Justice economist, and three American Meat Institute representatives. John F. Sonnett, assistant attorney general assigned to the inquiry, demanded secrecy and posted U. S. marshals on guard.

The 23 grand jurors had been selected earlier in the week before Federal Judge Barnes to hear testimony from 44 officials of 18 major packing industry companies. They were scheduled to be heard through Friday of this week, when the jury would recess until October 6. After that date the investigation will be resumed with the jury sitting three days each week.

The three AMI officials who testified

Canadian Packing Strike Enters Fourth Week

Prospects for an early settlement of the coast-to-coast strike of Canadian packinghouse workers brightened somewhat this week as provincial labor department leaders agreed to meet with Dominion officials in an effort to end the three-week-old walkout. More than 17,000 workers in plants of Swift Canadian company, Burns & Co. and Canada Packers, Ltd., are idle as the result of the strike called by the United Packinghouse Workers (CIO). In addition to numerous adjustments and fringe issues, the union is demanding wage increases averaging 17½¢ per hour.

this week were reported to have been asked about agreements between the Institute and various packing companies. They were Roy Stone, George Lewis, head of the department of marketing, and H. R. Davison, vice president. Three other AMI representatives and the packing company officials are expected to follow them to the stand.

Subpoenas summoning the industry spokesmen call for detailed information on their firms' activities, from the purchase of livestock to the ultimate marketing of the finished product. A list of the records they were to make available covered eight closely-spaced typewritten sheets.

Included in the subpoena list are: books, records and other documents which show the amounts of money paid to the Institute in dues and gifts for 1945, 1946 and six months of 1947; lists of all officers, directors and department heads in the company; financial statements and stockholders' reports; and detailed information regarding purchasing and sales methods.

Melville Williams, special assistant attorney general in charge of the investigation, said at the end of the week that the investigation had thus far disclosed no evidence of law violation and declared there was "no assumption of any guilt in the inquiry." The investigation could lead to indictment and action against any or all of the firms involved if the jury voted a true bill or if the anti-trust division filed a civil action or criminal information based on the evidence.

In a statement released shortly before his return to Washington late in the week, Sonnett said the speed of the investigation would depend in large part on the extent of cooperation from the meat packing industry. The reason for his return to the Capitol was not disclosed, but it was presumed he would return to take charge when the jury reconvenes October 6.

Industry Groups Will Study Grading Change Proposals

A conference between representatives of the industry and representatives in the USDA having to do with livestock and meats was held at the U. S. Department of Agriculture in Washington on September 25, under the direction of Henry E. Reed, chief of the livestock and meat section, PMA, for the purpose of discussing the advisability of making a study of needed changes in the regulations on beef grading.

As a result of the conference, the government suggested that an industry-government committee be appointed for the purpose of studying each grade regulation and specification and making recommendations to the government for any changes therein. The changes will be drafted in the form of tentative regulations and then brought before various other organizations as was done in 1925 for the purpose of getting further suggestions.

Sales, Net Earnings and Net Worth of 863 Packers Up Sharply in 1946

FINANCIAL results of operations during 1946 of 863 meat packing and processing companies subject to the Packers and Stockyards Act indicated that the firms reporting received a rate of return on sales of 2.49 per cent, which was more than twice the return reported for 1945.

Total income (sales) of the 863 companies was \$7,304,190,394 in 1946, compared to \$6,277,137,728 the year before. Net gain of the reporting companies amounted to \$181,878,215, against \$70,757,005 earned in 1945 and \$87,513,928 in 1944.

The rate of return on sales of 2.49 per cent compared with 1.13 per cent in 1945, 1.25 per cent in 1944 and 1.31 per cent in 1943.

Total net worth of the firms reporting, which consisted of 244 federally inspected slaughterers, 399 nonfederally inspected slaughterers and 220 non-slaughterers, amounted to \$1,115,800,651 in 1946, the highest level ever reached. It compared with \$1,053,990,251 in 1945, which was the highest figure since 1930. However, despite the increase in total net worth, the percentage of return based on net worth advanced to 16.3 per cent in 1946, due to the greatly increased net profit. In 1945 percentage of return on net worth had dropped to 67.1 per cent, from 9.17 per cent in 1944, 9.50 per cent in 1943 and 9.43 per cent in 1942.

Table 1 shows the financial results of operations during 1946 of 863 meat packing and processing companies as reported by the United States Department of Agriculture. Table 2 shows the 1946 average sales per company of the three packer groups (to indicate relative size) and the percentage earned on sales and on net worth by each group. Table 3 gives a comparison of the operations of packers subject to the Packers and Stockyards Act during the period from 1942 to 1946.

TABLE 1

Group	Concerns	Average Net Worth ¹	Net Sales	Net Gain ²
Federally inspected slaughterers.....	244	\$ 907,131,076	\$6,144,641,247	\$131,977,967
Nonfederally inspected slaughterers.....	399	60,092,730	558,234,150	20,935,035
Non-slaughterers.....	220	148,576,845	601,314,988	28,964,613
Total.....	863	\$1,115,800,651	\$7,304,190,394	\$181,878,215

¹These figures were compiled from annual reports submitted by packers, and are not subject to verification by an examination of the books and records. ²These figures represent the average of the total net worth of all reporting concerns at the beginning and end of their fiscal years. ³After deducting taxes and depreciation. ⁴This group includes concerns which also handle commodities other than meat food products.

TABLE 2

	No. Cos.	Av. Sales per Co.	Per Cent on Sales	Earned on N.W.
Federally inspected slaughterers.....	244	\$25,182,955.93	2.15	14.55
Nonfederally inspected slaughterers.....	399	1,424,145.76	3.75	33.17
Non-slaughterers.....	220	2,742,340.86	4.82	19.63
Combined.....	863	9,768,147.52	3.57	22.45

TABLE 3

	1942 815 concerns	1943 838 concerns	1944 863 concerns	1945 863 concerns	1946 863 concerns
Average net worth ¹	\$ 935,745,082	\$ 925,675,461	\$ 953,729,560	\$1,053,990,251	\$1,115,800,651
Total income.....	6,391,188,253	6,714,128,750	7,023,040,282	6,292,291,225	7,323,517,096
Total expenses.....	6,302,909,349	6,626,141,301	6,935,526,984	6,221,534,220	7,141,638,851
Net gain.....	88,278,904	87,987,449	87,513,298	70,757,005	181,878,215
Percentage net gain to net worth.....	9.43	9.50	9.17	6.71	16.30

¹These figures represent the average of the total net worth of all reporting concerns at the beginning and end of their fiscal years.

Total net earnings of federally inspected packers in 1946 increased to 2.15 per cent on their 1946 sales, while earnings of nonfederally inspected packers rose to 3.75 per cent. These percentages compared with 0.82 per cent and 1.94 per cent, respectively, in 1945. Return on net worth in 1946 for federally inspected and nonfederally inspected packers was 14.55 per cent and 33.17 per cent, respectively, against 5.09 per cent and 14.96 per cent the year before.

Non-slaughterers' total net earnings increased in 1946 to \$601,314,988, from \$532,980,993 in 1945. Their rate of return on sales rose to 4.82 per cent from 3.61 per cent in 1945. Their percentage of return on net worth also increased to 19.63 per cent from 14.04 per cent in 1945.

COURSE ON FOOD STORES

Sponsored by the food-dairy group of the New York Credit Men's Association, an intensive eight-week course in "Food Store Management" is being offered by the evening and extension division, City College School of Business, 17 Lexington ave., New York City, beginning October 7. This course will deal with practical store management.

RENDERERS' MEETINGS

Fourth regional area of the National Renderers Association will hold its annual meeting on October 24 and 25 at the Lincoln hotel in Indianapolis, Ind. As previously reported in THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, the fifth regional area of the association will meet at the Stevens hotel in Chicago on October 12 and 13.

Unfair Practices Under Taft-Hartley Act

By RICHARD A. MUNNECKE
Counsel, The P. Brennan Company, Chicago

THE TAFT-HARTLEY ACT, more correctly called the "Labor-Management Relations Act, 1947," has made many fundamental changes in the law governing industrial relations. It amends the Wagner Act to such an extent that it effects an entirely different approach to the problems of administering the nation's labor policy, and it even alters the nation's labor policy itself in important particulars.

Some of these changes, while important to the lawyer who practices before the National Labor Relations Board or to the officials of labor organizations who are for the first time subjected to some measure of regulation such as the rest of us have known, are of no more than passing interest to business executives and have been described in newspaper accounts to an extent sufficient to satisfy that interest. But other changes and innovations are of such direct concern to any employer and the members of his supervisory force that they should be thoroughly understood. Perhaps the most vital of these are the provisions of the act with respect to unfair labor practices.

From an employer's standpoint, committing an unfair labor practice may have far-reaching and unfortunate consequences. It may subject him to an injunction in the federal courts or to an order by the N.L.R.B. requiring that a discharged employee be reinstated with back pay amounting to hundreds or even thousands of dollars. These are unfortunate in themselves, but they may also be magnified by half-truths circulated during a union organizing campaign or strike (when they will seldom be overlooked, you can be sure) and thus plague the employer even after he had thought himself absolved.

Some Rights Unaltered

Under the original Wagner Act, employees were stated to have certain fundamental rights, and it was unfair labor practice for an employer to violate those rights. The rights were to self-organization, to join unions, to bargain collectively, and to engage in other concerted activities for mutual aid or protection. This wording remains the same under the new law, but a very important addition is made. It says the employee also has the right to refrain from any or all of these activities (except to the extent required by the very limited type of union security clause now permitted).

This is the groundwork for the union unfair labor practices which are something entirely new in the law. Heretofore, only the employer was prohibited from violating those rights. Now, Congress has recognized, and the act specifically states, that not only the denial of these rights by employers, but also certain practices by some unions, burden or obstruct interstate commerce.

There is very little change in the

wording of the employer unfair labor practices. It is still unfair for an employer to interfere, restrain or coerce employees in the exercise of their rights; to dominate or interfere with a union or contribute financial support to it; to discriminate in employment in order to encourage or discourage union membership or for filing charges or testifying under the act; or to refuse to bargain collectively. However, there are several parts of the new act which have a profound effect on the meaning and application of these unfair practices.

Section 8 (3) in the Wagner Act had a proviso that a closed shop agreement or similar union security clause would not violate the law in spite of the provision about encouraging or discouraging union membership. That has been changed, and it is one of the most drastic changes from the union point of

This article is adapted from a talk given by Richard A. Munnecke at a symposium for lawyers held at the Chicago

Bar Association on August 26, under the auspices of the committee on labor law of the Chicago Bar Association and the section on labor law of the Illinois State Bar Association. Mr. Munnecke is a member of both the committee and the section, and, as counsel for The P. Brennan Company, he has been directly concerned with collective bargaining and industrial relations in the meat packing industry for several years. Because of the great importance of the subject to all businessmen and the widespread interest in it, the editors sought to bring this authoritative exposition to the readers of THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER.



R. MUNNECKE

view. Now, all that is permitted is an agreement requiring employees to join the union within not less than 30 days after being hired or after the effective date of the agreement, whichever is later. This gives the employer complete control over hiring, which he does not have if he can hire only members of the union under a closed shop contract. It helps prevent closed unions from maintaining a monopoly on jobs.

Even this more limited type of so-called union security clause is permitted

only under certain conditions. The union involved must be certified by the Board, and this involves filing financial statements and anti-communist affidavits by the officers as well as winning an election. Also, the clause must be voted for by a majority of all the employees in the unit—not just a majority of those voting. Furthermore, the clause is not permitted if state law prohibits it, and a number of states have passed laws or adopted constitutional amendments restricting the right to a closed shop or union shop.

After meeting these conditions, the union is only in the position of being able to bargain for such a clause, and of course the employer is not compelled to agree to it. If it does become a part of the agreement, the employer is still prevented from discharging an employee for non-membership if he has grounds for believing that membership was not available to the employee on the same terms and conditions generally applicable to other members, or that membership was denied or terminated for any reason other than non-payment of uniform dues or initiation fees.

Unions' Power Limited

The effect of these provisions is to limit severely the disciplinary powers of unions. They can no longer have an employee discharged for even such a grave union offense as dual unionism, or supporting a rival union. Much less can they have him fired for such a comparatively minor offense as needling his steward or refusing to attend union meetings. It is even a union unfair labor practice to cause or attempt to cause an employer to discriminate against an employee in violation of these provisions, and the Board is authorized to order that back pay to an employee ordered reinstated for a discriminatory discharge may be charged against the union instead of the employer, if the union was responsible for the discharge.

In connection with discharges, the act provides that no order of the Board shall require reinstatement of or back pay to any employee discharged for cause. This presumably means that a preponderance of the evidence will have to determine whether the discharge was primarily for good cause or whether it was for a prohibited purpose in violation of the employee's rights mentioned above. The report of the conference committee presenting the bill for action by Congress says that under this provision, reinstatement cannot be made when the employee was discharged for engaging in activities, whether or not union activities, contrary to shop rules, or for Communist activities, or for other cause. The Board has claimed for some time that it ordered reinstatement only where the discharge was for legitimate

union activity, but it has frequently seemed to go pretty far afield in its efforts to assign such a motive to the employer, sometimes in the face of uncontradicted evidence. This clause of the act, and the clauses requiring Board decisions to be based upon a preponderance of the evidence, should require the Board to follow its stated policy.

Guarantee of Free Speech

There is also a provision in the act that the expressing of any views, argument, or opinion shall not be, or be evidence of, an unfair labor practice if such expression contains no threat of reprisal or force or promise of benefit. This was inserted to put an end to the Board's practice of using speeches made by an employer as evidence that some later act had an illegal purpose, even though the speeches had no real connection with the act. For instance, the Board has held that where an employer has made a speech expressing himself as opposed to unions, it could infer from that speech that a subsequent discharge of a union member was because he was a union member, notwithstanding the employer's evidence to the contrary.

Incidentally, employers are given further protection in connection with unfair labor practice charges, by a section of the new act which precludes the Board from issuing a complaint where the unfair practice occurred more than six months prior to the service of a copy of the charge on the person against whom the charge is made. This should prevent undue delay in the assertion of former employees that they are entitled to reinstatement and back pay, and give employers notice of proceedings before so much time has elapsed that it is impossible to assemble the evidence necessary to present an adequate defense.

As we have already noted, the provisions relating to unfair labor practices on the part of unions are something entirely new in the law. The first union unfair labor practice is for a union or its agents to restrain or coerce employees in the exercise of their rights guaranteed by the law, or to restrain or coerce an employer in the selection of his bargaining representatives. This parallels the employer unfair practice of interfering, restraining, and coercing employees in the exercise of those rights, and would prohibit unions from using violence, threats against employees or their families, mass picketing, and perhaps fraud or other forms of compulsion, in connection with strikes or organizing campaigns.

If the union should resort to such tactics, the employer or the individual affected could go to the Board, file a charge, and perhaps persuade the Board to exercise its right to obtain an injunction from the federal court enjoining the union from continuing the activity. The second portion, coercing an employer as to his bargaining representative, is designed to prevent the union from dictating that the employer bargain through an employer association or on an industry-wide basis, or from trying to force the removal of a

foreman who handles grievances, or a personnel manager, or someone in that capacity, on the ground that it cannot bargain with them effectively.

The second union unfair practice is to cause or attempt to cause an employer to discriminate against an employee in violation of Section 8 (a) (3), which has to do with encouraging or discouraging union membership, or on any ground other than non-payment of uniform dues or initiation fees. This is very important, but has already been discussed in connection with the employer unfair practice it is related to.

The third is to refuse to bargain collectively. Heretofore, if the union chose to submit its demands on a take-it-or-leave-it basis, or to sidestep bargaining with a small company while it went to work on its big competitor, confident that it could sign up the smaller company in a hurry after the larger one signed, there wasn't much the employer could do about it. Such action now amounts to an unfair labor practice by the union, and to that extent is an illegal act subject to the remedies already mentioned. Collective bargaining also includes certain other obligations of both unions and employers, but these will be dealt with more appropriately after some of the remaining union unfair practices have been outlined.

The next class of such practices encompasses certain specific types of strikes and boycotts which are made illegal. These are not only unfair practices, but in addition may subject the union to a suit for damages by anyone injured as a result of such action, for instance a supplier or customer of the employer whose plant is struck. The first type of prohibited strike or boycott is where an object of it (not necessarily the principal object) is to force any employer or self-employed person to join a union or an employer organization. This outlaws strikes to unionize one-man businesses or to compel industry-wide bargaining.

Secondary Boycotts Covered

The next type is where an object is to force any person to cease using or handling the products of any other producer, processor, or manufacturer, or to cease doing business with any other person. This pretty well covers the secondary boycott: it outlaws strikes and boycotts at Company A because it is dealing with Company B, with whom the union has its dispute, and not because of any dispute with Company A itself. It would prevent a union from insisting that a sausage maker use meat furnished only by packers employing union labor, for instance.

Another type of prohibited strike is where an object is to force any other employer (other than the employer of those striking, presumably) to recognize a union which has not been certified by the Board. Under this provision, a union can strike to compel recognition of it by the employer involved, even though it isn't certified, but it could not call a strike in Company A to force

Company B to recognize an uncertified union. Apparently, a secondary strike to compel the other company to recognize a certified union would be permissible under this provision, although it might still be illegal under the next previous classification. However, it is next provided that it is unlawful to try to force recognition of one union where another union has been certified. Both primary and secondary strikes in defiance of Board certifications are illegal.

The final types of this activity which are prohibited are jurisdictional strikes and boycotts, where an object is to force an employer to assign particular work to employees in a particular union, craft, or class, unless the employer is disregarding a formal determination by the Board as to who should get the work.

Refusal to Cross Line

It is specifically provided in the law that it is not illegal to refuse to cross a picket line at a plant other than your own, if a legal strike is taking place there—a strike ratified by a union required to be recognized by the employer. In substance, it is all right to refuse to cross a picket line unless it is a wild-cat strike.

There are two remaining union unfair labor practices. One of these is for a union with a union shop or union security clause contract to require an initiation fee in an amount found by the Board to be excessive or discriminatory. Taken together with the previously mentioned restrictions on dues and initiation fees, it is required that both be uniform and in addition the initiation fees must not be excessive. This is an additional safeguard against closed unions.

The final union unfair practice is to cause an employer to pay or deliver any money or other thing of value, in the nature of an exaction, for services which are not performed or not to be performed. Some questions have been raised as to whether this would outlaw paid vacations, rest periods, holiday pay, and call-in pay, but it is very unlikely that it does. It has been pointed out that the words "in the nature of an exaction" connote extortion, and what was intended to be covered was forcing an employer to pay for services he does not want, such as stand-by musicians. The questioned payments, it might well be argued, are for services which are actually performed.

Bargaining is Required

As we have seen, both unions and employers are required to bargain collectively. That is still one of the most fundamental objects of the law, and yet many employers have not fully appreciated the obligations involved. In the first place, under the new act, although a union is the exclusive bargaining agent for the employees, any individual employee now has the right to adjust grievances individually with his employer without the intervention of the union, as long as the adjustment is not

(Continued on page 16.)

Australian Plant Specializes in Ready Meats

IN THE plant of O'Sullivan Bros., meat processors of Sydney, Australia, pork products are finished to a somewhat greater degree than in many plants in this country and sausage is handled in a manner somewhat different from methods employed here. Thomas O'Sullivan, owner of the firm, recently described his operations for THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER.

Ready-to-serve meats are the specialty of the firm and most pork and

placed in a mold and cooked. The finished product, known as cooked and pressed shoulder, sells for around 32c per lb. in retail stores.

The whole rib section is removed with the belly, loin, fat back and ribs. This section is pumped for rapid cure and is then smoked. The finished product is sliced before sale by the retailer.

Hams are prepared as a cooked and smoked product. In cooking, the hams are held at 190 degs. F. for six hours and then smoked for 12 hours at 110

degs. The resulting product brings about 32c per lb. in retail stores.

Pork heads are made into brawn by removing the meat, cooking and dicing it and combining the meat with a gelatine solution made from the cooking broth.

The firm also buys beef hindquarters, sells the rump and loin fresh and cures and cooks the whole round for sale as a finished specialty retailing at around 24c per lb. A very short cure is employed in handling the rounds and also pork shoulders; they are pumped and cured during cooking.

The plant's sausage room can be seen in the background of the center photo. In this room the stuffed product is placed on an ordinary trolley hook and moved to the cooking section. Here a novel multiple stick frame is employed to hold the sausage during cooking. As shown in lower photo on this page, the frame is lowered into the cooking vat with an electric hoist and while in the tank the frame rests on lugs in a manner which keeps the sausage submerged. It is claimed that handling the sausage in this manner results in more uniform cooking.

The establishment is equipped throughout with rail for movement of product
(See page 27.)



in the small photo at upper right Thomas O'Sullivan, owner of the firm, is shown in his office from which he can watch loading and shipping operations. Other pictures are described in the text.

beef cuts are processed for immediate use without further cooking. Meat trimmed off is used in sausage manufacture.

The firm purchases carcass meat from killing plants located outside the city. The carcasses are received and scaled in the receiving-shipping room shown in the top photo and the carcasses are then moved by rail to the cutting department (center photo) where they are broken down into cuts featured by the firm. The cutting room is illuminated entirely by natural light admitted through skylights.

Removing the whole hog from the rail, the butchers take off the head and set it aside for fabrication into a sausage product. Next, the shoulder section is removed with the neck bone in, cured,





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**A
KRAFT
PRODUCT**

PACKER'S NEW LARD CAN

A new 2-lb. lard can designed to win the approval of the housewife by its convenience and safety features has been adopted by the J. Fred Schmidt Packing Co. of Columbus, O., and other packers, following its introduction by the Heekin Can Co. of Cincinnati. Danger of cutting fingers when removing the lid from the can, or in emptying its contents, is eliminated. An additional sales point with the consumer is the convenient size of the container, which is made to fit the palm of the hand.

The picture shows the specially bent and crimped lip of the can. The can's



lip is bent inward upon itself and then crimped to the body of the can. The result is a smooth rounded surface. The lip on the cover is made in a similar manner so that it can be handled without the danger of cutting the hands. The upper circumference of the can over which the lid fits is bevelled inward slightly so that it is easy to remove the lid.

The can may be held in the palm of the hand when measuring the lard and when digging out the material while it is in a firm condition.

The Schmidt can shown here is lithographed with the design in red and blue on a white background. The inside of the can is lacquered to insure neutral flavor in the lard.

PACKAGING INSTITUTE

A one week institute covering packaging, material handling and transportation will be conducted at the Wayne University school of business administration, Detroit, in cooperation with the Industrial Packaging Engineers Association of America, September 29 through October 3. The course is planned primarily for executives responsible for or actively engaged in the work of packaging and material handling. Sessions will be held in the Rackham building near Wayne university campus.

MOTOR TRANSPORT *of Meat Products*

SAUSAGE MANUFACTURER USING EYE-CATCHING NEW TRUCKS

Freshness and rapid delivery of its sausage products is a sales point which can be used effectively by the Columbia Sausage Co. of Tacoma, Wash., as a result of acquisition of five new Dodge

J. W. Rollag, owner and manufacturer of the firm which supplies Tacoma area dealers with 30 sausage and specialty items, looks upon his trucks as traveling billboards for the firm and has



trucks, and it is played up in large yellow letters on the sides of the new transport vehicles in the words "sausage products made fresh daily from inspected meats," below the firm's name.

given special attention to their appearance. He believes in the use of vivid colors in truck decoration and on the new vehicles has replaced the bright red color scheme formerly employed

with bright forest green and vivid yellow. He chose the new color combination as being more pleasing to the eye as well as eliminating the possibility of mistakes in identification.

The truck bodies were designed by Mr. Rollag with the cooperation of the city health department and a local builder of bodies. The trucks are insulated with Fibreglas and have an ice storage capacity of 200 lbs. each. This enables them to travel for at least eight hours on the hottest days with only slight variations in inside temperature. All meat products are carried in convenient, sanitary metal trays which are removed daily for steam cleaning.

RECORDERS ON TRAILERS

Introduction of automatic temperature recording instruments for the perishable foods transportation branch of motor service, at least in connection with the heavier types of vehicles and longer hauls, is being considered by the highway freight trailer building industry, according to a recent report by the Truck-Trailer Manufacturers Association.

Heretofore most of the temperature recording on mobile highway units has been for the purpose of studying and testing operating performance of various insulations and refrigeration systems. Now, the association pointed out, the vital need for accurate temperature records has been recognized by producers, haulers and consignees of perishable foodstuffs. Reliable documentary evidence of maintenance of proper temperatures is assurance to the shipper, the carrier and the consignee.

Progress has been made through cooperation of an instrument company, a trailer manufacturer and a motor carrier. An initial automatic instrument, the association revealed, was mounted on a refrigerated trailer in regular service of the motor carrier. A special vibration-free mounting was devised by the trailer manufacturer. Performance of this instrument still is being studied as to operational details, and if results prove out as have been indicated, it is expected that further installations will be made by the trailer manufacturer, according to the association. The instrument provides a seven-day record and registers temperatures over a range of —40 degs. to 110 degs. F.

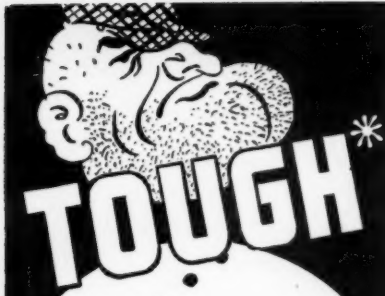
The recording instrument is mounted flush with the outer surface of the rear door of the trailer. Its record thus is visible to the public, and the consignee can study the record of haul temperature conditions before opening the doors and receiving his cargo.

H. H. MEYER AMONG FIRST TO USE MAGNESIUM BODY


Starr Parker (holding blueprints), purchasing agent of the H. H. Meyer Packing Co., Cincinnati, O., checks specifications for the company's new custom built magnesium truck body with Ken Kinnaird, of Kinnaird Body Works, Bromley, Ky. The magnesium



body, which is only 33 per cent as heavy as one built of steel of equal strength, is expected to increase substantially the pay load of the truck as a consequence of the reduction in the dead load. The body is sealed against weather with 3 in. of Dry Zero insulation and protected from rust with a coat of zinc chromate primer. Inside dimensions of the new light-weight meat truck body are 128 in. long, 81 in. wide and 66 in. high.



TOUGH



Alumi-lug

- ALUMINUM DELIVERY AND STORAGE MEAT AND FOOD BOX



Constructed of a special Aluminum alloy—
tensile strength 42,000 lbs. per square inch.
Withstands severe drop and shock tests.

Now! The most revolutionary step ahead in meat handling history—a sensational new, sanitary and lightweight aluminum meat delivery and storage box—for easier, more efficient meat handling and storage. Saves truck and storage space, time, weight—slashes upkeep and replacement costs. ALUMI-LUG is a fully approved, non-corrosive, non-contaminating wet meat delivery and storage box with a smooth, easy-to-clean surface that completely eliminates bacteria traps and the need for paper lining.

SPECIFICATIONS: Inside dimensions, 32"x13½"x10" deep—yet weighs only 11¼ lbs., less than half the weight of ordinary container of same capacity. Special aluminum alloy and welded construction give ALUMI-LUG superior strength to withstand severe drop tests, road shocks. Can't chip—no plating to wear off. Minimum life expectancy, 10 years!

Tapered construction for compact nesting when not in use

Dual purpose stacking bar and handle makes it possible to stack 5 or more ALUMI-LUGS with up to 1000 lb. load



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Labor Law Analyzed

(Continued from page 12.)

inconsistent with the union contract and provided the union has been given an opportunity to be present at the adjustment. Heretofore, the Board has held that the union could in effect veto any adjustment made individually, but that will no longer be the case except where the adjustment violates the contract.

A definition of collective bargaining has been written into the law, but it for the most part merely codifies what the Board had already stated in decisions: to meet at reasonable times and confer in good faith, and put it in a signed contract if requested by either party, but neither party is compelled to agree to a proposal or to make a concession.

Where there is in effect a collective bargaining agreement, there is a further obligation under the new law as a part of the duty to bargain collectively. Neither party may terminate or modify the agreement without serving a 60-day written notice of the proposed termination or modification on the other party, offering to negotiate concerning it, notifying the Federal Mediation Service and any similar state service within 30 days thereafter if no agreement has yet been reached, and continuing the old agreement in force for the 60 days or until it expires, whichever is later. An employee who strikes during this 60-day period cannot be ordered reinstated.

This article, of course, is not intended to be an exhaustive study of the entire subject. It is important for the reader to understand that any given part of the Taft-Hartley Act may be affected by another part of the same act, by other laws, and by interpretations to be made in the future by the courts. For these reasons, he should be guided in important decisions by an attorney who has a thorough knowledge of labor law and is familiar with the facts of the particular problem. This article will have served its purpose, however, if it has pointed out some of the principal features of the act as they pertain to unfair labor practices, and if it has helped to show that by protecting the legitimate rights of employees to be free from unreasonable interference by unions as well as by employers, by expanding the area in which management is free to actually manage, and by attempting to equalize the competitive positions of employers and unions, the act is an entirely fair and equitable step forward in the effort to achieve industrial peace and productivity.

REEFER CARS ON ORDER

Class I railroads and railroad-owned private-controlled refrigerator companies had 8,119 refrigerator freight cars on order September 1, 1947, according to an announcement by the Association of American Railroads. It was also announced that a total of 2,882 refrigerator cars were put in service in the first eight months of the current year.

YOU CAN AVOID EXCESS GRINDER PLATE EXPENSE

By using...
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Guaranteed for FIVE FULL YEARS against regrinding and resurfacing expense!



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give you advantages and cost-cutting features that no other plate can offer you. They can be used on both sides and can be reversed to give you the effect of two plates for the price of one. They wear longer. They cut more meat and cut it better. They eliminate unnecessary expenses of regrinding and replacement.

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have proven their superiority in all the large meat packing and sausage plants, and in thousands of smaller plants all over the United States and foreign countries. Available in all sizes for all makes of grinders. They are known the world over because of their superiority.

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USDA Announces Production and Marketing Studies in Livestock, Meat and Fats-Oils

Other research projects having connection with the livestock and meat industry, in addition to the meat processing study reported in THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER of September 20, page 15, will be undertaken under the Research and Marketing Act of 1946, according to an announcement by the U. S. Department of Agriculture. The projects most recently announced will be conducted by the BAE.

One of these projects calls for research to find profitable alternatives for items of farm production that seem likely to be in over-abundant supply in the future. This study is called "Economic Utilization of Farm Grown Feeds in Livestock Production." It will seek to learn how feed production, feed utilization, and livestock production can be coordinated so as to bring maximum use of hay and pasture in profitable systems of farming in different areas of the country. Another objective is to make an economic analysis of the opportunities for the use of more grass, legume pastures, and forage crops, and of supplementary high protein oilseed meals in livestock production.

"Production, Price, and Consumption Analysis for Meat Animals and Meat," is the title of the project designed to determine and measure the factors influencing changes in meat and meat animal production, prices, marketing and consumption. Because farmers' operations usually are based on long-range plans and commitments, they need the fullest possible information on the prospects for supplies and prices of livestock and livestock products.

"Analysis of Factors Affecting Prices and Uses of Fats, Oils, and Peanuts" is the title of another important project. Price and consumption forecasts for fats, oils, and peanuts are essential in appraising the outlook for oilseeds and guiding farmers' acreage plans. Such forecasts are valuable also to businessmen who produce, handle, or use oils and fats or who deal in oilseeds. This project, in a more thorough and comprehensive analysis than has heretofore been possible, will seek to measure the major influences affecting prices and consumption of fats and oils.

Another project in the field of prices and marketing will seek more accurate knowledge of food consumption in the United States so that the demand and potential markets for farm food may be more precisely evaluated.

Research projects aimed at increasing the efficiency of stockyard facilities and services, improvement of livestock and meat grades and standards, and to provide for current and detailed information on slaughter and meat production have also been approved. The projects will be carried out under the supervision of PMA with the cooperation of the livestock and meat industry. The studies will be carried out on

four projects: 1) to determine how to modernize and increase the efficiency of structures and facilities used for livestock consigned to public stockyards; 2) to bring about a more uniform application of live animal grades at wholesale levels in market reporting; 3) to improve market classes and grades of livestock; and 4) to provide the U. S. Department of Agriculture and the livestock and meat industry with weekly estimates of slaughter and meat production, and monthly estimates of slaughter by states.

Livestock and poultry marketing and economical transportation for farm products will also be studied. Data for both studies will be obtained from farmer cooperatives by the Farm Credit Administration. Results are expected to apply to all types of business serving farmers. The first projects will try to find ways and means by which producers of livestock and poultry can improve and standardize the quality of their products, reduce marketing costs, minimize waste, and distribute and utilize products and by-products.

Object of the second project is to make a thorough study of how agencies serving farmers may save on transportation costs.



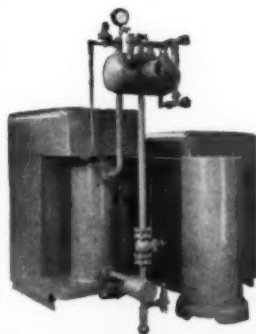
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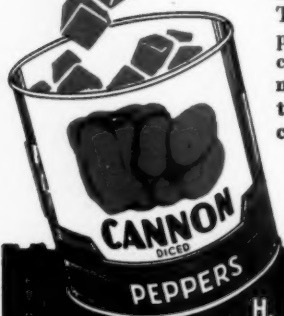


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PACKED READY FOR USE

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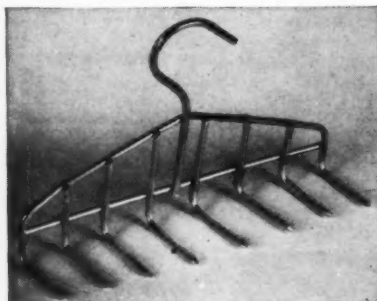


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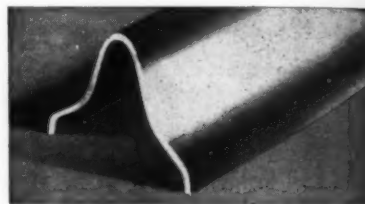


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1 to 25054	.62	.70
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1-200 lots \$1.40 200-500 lots . . . \$1.35
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fraction thereof for lengths over 42". Specify
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Up and down the MEAT TRAIL

Meat Processing Plant to Be Built by Ed Heuck Co.

A \$350,000 meat processing plant will be constructed at San Francisco, Calif., by the Ed Heuck Co., meat wholesalers there, it was announced recently by Ed Heuck, president. The firm has purchased a 27,000 sq. ft. tract of land from the WAA for a reported \$57,000 and will erect a two-story and basement reinforced concrete building which will provide about 65,000 sq. ft. of floor space. The plant will incorporate the most modern ideas in packinghouse design and will contain freezer facilities for 750,000 lbs. of meat per week.

Heuck said the expansion is necessitated by the huge postwar growth in the firm's business. When the new plant is complete, he stated, the firm plans to branch out into canning of meat specialties and packaging of fresh frozen meat cuts. Henschien, Everds & Crombie, Chicago, are the architects.

Large Food Terminal to Be Built to Serve Boston

Plans for construction of a \$10,000,000 perishable-foods terminal to serve Boston were revealed this week by Sidney H. Rabinowitz, president of the Colonial Provision Co. there and president of the new Boston Wholesale Food Terminal Corporation. He stated that a decade would be required to complete the project, although ground is to be broken early next year. The terminal, to be located on Rutherford ave., Charlestown, will remove Boston's wholesale meat business from the congested North End market district.

Forty acres, owned by the Boston & Maine Railroad, are available for the project, Rabinowitz said, and added that if the city would abandon the out-moded state prison at Charlestown the corporation would take over the additional 17 acres there. Meat, poultry, butter and eggs would be processed at the terminal, which would have complete facilities for storage, refrigeration, parking, platform operations and possibly for rendering and deep-freezing.

Personalities and Events of the Week

- Thomas E. Wilson was host to the Chicago Farmers Club annual fall picnic recently at his 1200-acre farm near Chicago, Edellyn Farms.
- Morris Gordon has purchased the Auburn Packing Co. at Auburn, Wash. from Charles and Mona Waller. Following the purchase, Mr. Gordon, his wife, Sophie, and Abraham Fallick in-



ILLINOIS PACKER SPONSORS DRESSED CARCASS SHOW

At the Du Quoin State Fair the Du Quoin Packing Co., Du Quoin, Ill., recently sponsored a dressed barrow carcass show and furnished a trophy. The hog that won first prize both as a dressed barrow and alive is shown at left and right above. The barrow was raised by H. O. Wisdom of Centralia, Ill., and was judged winner in the live barrow class by Bill Williams, buyer of National Stock Yards, Ill. The prize hog (a Chester White) weighed 200 lbs. alive and dressed out at 164 lbs. After the carcasses had been chilled they were judged by W. H. Coultas of the American Meat Institute and Prof V. K. Johnson of the University of Illinois. The prize carcass was put on display in a refrigerated case at the Du Quoin Packing Co. booth (see below) in the grandstand exhibition hall and was viewed by approximately 50,000 people. The firm plans to continue the award next year.



corporated the Auburn Packing Co., Inc., with a capital of \$200,000. Gordon announced that the firm is making some improvements to the plant, which slaughters cattle and sheep exclusively.

Gordon formerly operated the Acme Packing and Provision Co., which he sold three years ago to Safeway Stores. • Appointment of Dr. Omer W. Herrmann as assistant administrator of the

Agricultural Research Administration has been announced by Secretary of Agriculture Clinton P. Anderson. The appointment became effective September 15. Dr. Herrmann will assist the Administrator of ARA in coordinating research on utilization and marketing. Since July 1946 he has been director of the Fats and Oils Branch, PMA.

• **Leo Weglein**, 63 years old, veteran representative for Premier Casing Co. in the Midwest, died this week. Mr. Weglein was well known in the industry, having also been associated with S. Oppenheimer Co. at one time. Burial was at Minneapolis, Minn.

• It has been called to our attention that in the AMI convention issue of THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, September 13, 1947, William Eisenstadt was erroneously referred to as a broker. Mr. Eisenstadt is, instead, a dealer and exporter of tallow and grease. He is located at 141 W. Jackson blvd., Chicago.

• **George B. Estes**, 45, former branch manager for Swift & Company at Houston, Tex., died recently at his home in that city. Estes had been associated with Swift for more than 28 years.

• **Russell A. Izatt** has announced the formation of the Dearborn Packing Co., Inc., 850 Fulton Market, Chicago. The concern will specialize in furnishing fresh meats, poultry and other provisions chiefly to retail outlets such as chain stores, meat markets and super markets. The firm will be able to handle more than 100,000 lbs. of fresh meat per week. Izatt was formerly associated with Swift & Company for 21 years at the St. Louis plant.

• **Pat J. Venice**, 47, president of the Mayfair Provision Co., Newark, N. J., died recently.

• **Sr. Eng. G. F. Escabosa** of Mexico City, Mexico, who represents the Howe Ice Machine Co. and Cincinnati Butchers' Supply Co. in Mexico, was accompanied on a recent trip to Chicago by **Roberto Garza Cabello**, who heads up a

Retail Meat Dealers Elect New Officers and Directors

James H. Elliott of Minneapolis was elected president of the National Association of Retail Meat Dealers at the recent five-day meeting in St. Louis. He succeeds **Adam Guth**.

Other officers elected are: First vice president, **Charles Bauer**, Cincinnati; second vice president, **Martin Hansen**, Omaha; third vice president, **Michael J. Reis**, St. Louis; fourth vice president, **Al Glynn**, Chicago; master sergeant-at-arms, **Steve Heyna**, Chicago; inside guard, **Harry Wickert**, Oshkosh, Wis.; directors, **Adam Guth**, Cleveland, **Claude Johnson** and **E. Reese**, both of Philadelphia.

group which is planning a complete meat packing plant for Chiapas, Mexico.

• **Edwin G. Long**, 82, president of the Long Dressed Beef Co., Cleveland, O., for nearly half a century, died recently at his home in Lakewood. Mr. Long and a brother founded the meat company which bears their name in 1890. He had been active head until a recent illness forced his retirement.

• The United Packing Co., Wheeling, W. Va., has filed articles of incorporation with the Secretary of State. The firm, capitalized at \$100,000, is authorized to engage in business as meat processors. Officers are **W. C. Piper**, **Adam Martin** and **H. V. Horner**.

• Nearly 4,000 persons inspected the new Swift & Company plant food factory at Madison, Wis., during a recent Sunday afternoon open house, it has been announced by **W. J. Flossner**, manager.

• **Frank Keighley** has been appointed sales manager for Proctor Packers, Ltd., and the Brantford Produce Co., Ltd., both of Brantford, Ont., Canada.

• The Hamsal Provision Co. has been incorporated at Jersey City, N. J. to deal in meats. Total stock authorized was 1,000 shares, no par value. Incorporators are **William R. Fredman** and **Anna M. Filberger**.

• The smokehouse of the Rockville Packing Co., Rockville, Ind. burned recently when the bacon which was being smoked caught fire. No other damage was done to the plant.

• **Harold A. Heim**, manager of the meat department of Gristede Bros., New York city, has returned to his desk following a vacation at Gray Rocks Inn, St. Jovite, Province of Quebec, Canada. He was accompanied by Mrs. Heim and their daughter.

• A fire which began in the smokehouse destroyed the two-story plant of Morton Brothers near Knoxville, Tenn. recently.

• **A. L. Hamilton**, 65, of Houston, Tex., who was president and director of the Finnegan Hide Co., the Northex Hide and Produce Co. and the E. W. Gruendler Co., all in Houston, died recently. He was also a director of the Houston Packing Co., of the Union Stock Yards

Restaurant Meat Purveyors Announce 1947 Convention

The fifth annual meeting of the National Association of Hotel & Restaurant Meat Purveyors will be held in Kansas City, Mo. at the Hotel Bellerive, October 13, 1947. **Harry L. Rudnick**, secretary, has announced. Problems of general interest to the hotel supply house industry will be discussed. **Howard G. Ziegler** of C & W Ziegler Co., Pittsburgh, Pa., president of the association, will preside.

On the following day the board of directors of the association will meet under the chairmanship of **Peter H. Petersen**, of Petersen-Owens, Inc., New York city.

of San Antonio and of the Houston Bank and Trust Co.

• A \$100-a-cover Crisis Dinner of the Combined Food Industries Committee for United Jewish Appeal was held Thursday night of this week at Hotel Astor, New York city. Leaders in individual food divisions cooperated in staging the event. Co-chairmen of the provision and kosher meat industries were **Jack Kranis** and **Louis H. Solomon** and chairman of the meat and poultry division was **Benjamin Lowenstein**.

• **Mitchell Brothers Provision Co.**, Atlanta, Ga., has moved to new and larger quarters there at 635 Green st., N. W.

• **W. H. Turner**, Blue Ribbon Sausage Co., Durham, N. C., spent several days in New York on business this month.

• Swift & Company has moved its offices in Dayton, O. from 214 S. Perry st. to 620 S. Main st.

• **Carl A. Will**, beef manager at the St. Joseph, Mo., plant of Armour and Company, will retire from his duties there at the end of a current three week vacation. Will began his association with the company 35 years ago as a live-stock buyer at the St. Joseph plant. His entire career with the company has been spent there. Will will be succeeded as St. Joe beef manager by **Roy Hoga**, recently transferred from the company's St. Louis, Mo., plant.

• **John P. Methot** and **Helen L. Methot** recently purchased the plant and property of Abare Meats, Inc., Sterling, Mass. The new owners have announced that they will operate a food institute on the property, which includes an abattoir and a retail store. A file containing 1,000 recipes will be issued to customers and complete meals may be ordered by telephone.

• The **Chester B. Franz Corp.**, Salem, Ark., recently began operation of its new rendering plant there, built to replace the old unit destroyed by fire last spring.

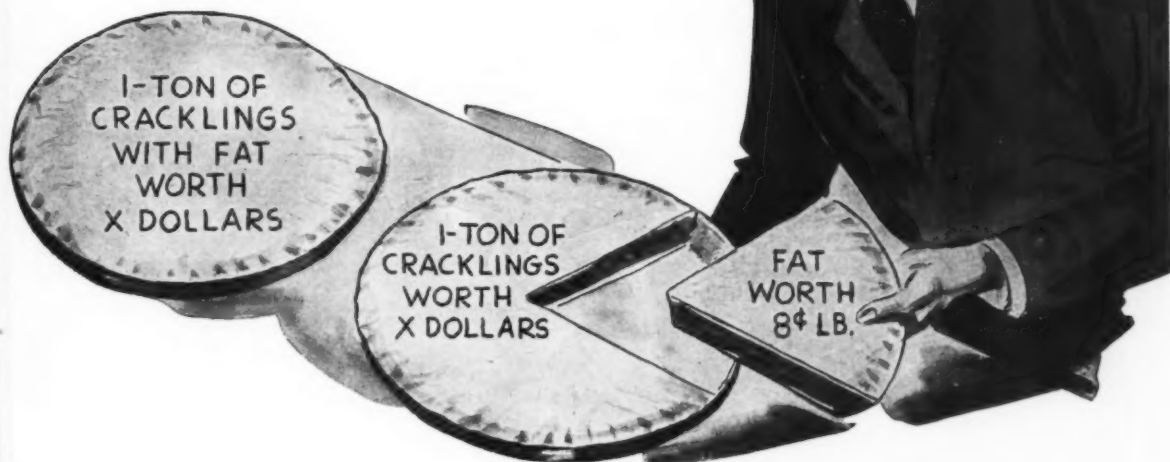
• Work has begun on the remodeling and renovation program at the plant of the Rockwell City (Ia.) Packing Co. it was revealed recently. A new sewage and water system has been installed and a new boiler room will be constructed. The entire plant will be overhauled and re-insulated.



NO FISH STORY HERE

Maury L. Hofman (left) of Transparent Package Co. and **R. Bernie Demoratsky**, advertising manager of High Grade Packing Co., Galveston, Tex., recently did some surf fishing at Galveston. Results are obvious . . . nothing.

WHEN A PIE is worth less than its parts



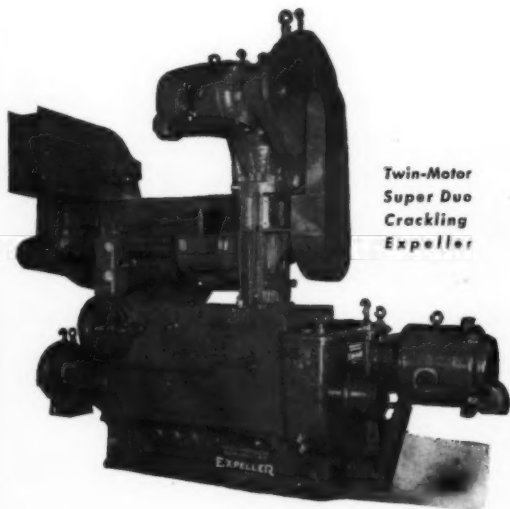
When extra fat is left in pressed cracklings by inefficient pressing equipment, that fat doesn't bring you one cent in income. But, take that fat out and the cracklings are worth just as much, on a unit protein basis. That fat removed, however, can be sold at a good price.

Anderson Expellers* reduce fat content of cracklings down to as low as 5½%. That extra fat removed is worth money—leave it in the cracklings and you *give* it away!

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NOW THIS IS POSSIBLE AND PROFITABLE FOR YOU WITH THE

HOLLYMATIC ELECTRIC PATTY-MAKER

It automatically measures, molds, and stacks 1800 patties per hour . . .
delivers exact patties from one to four ounces . . . retains meat juices . . .
sanitary . . . transforms an average-profit item into a highly profitable, fast-
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PROMPT SERVICE GOOD YIELDS • REASONABLE PRICES WE ALSO BUY ALL KINDS OF HOG BUNGS

Fred Waring Show Will Be Broadcast at Earlier Hour

The Fred Waring show, which is on the air twice a week for the American Meat Institute, will be broadcast at a new time, starting September 30. Careful studies of the Waring listening audience made this summer when many stations carried the program earlier because they operated on standard time, showed that the show got a larger share of the total number of radio listeners at the earlier hours.

The new time for the various time zones will be: East, 10:00 a.m.; Central 9:00 a.m., and Mountain and Pacific 8:00 a.m. All radio stations that operated on standard time this summer will continue to carry the Waring show at the same time.

The American Meat Institute also announced that effective September 30 nine radio stations have been added to the network now carrying the Waring

show, making a total of 161. The new stations are: KAWT, Douglas, Ariz.; KERO, Bakersfield, Calif.; WORZ, Orlando, Fla.; WTNT, Augusta, Ga.; WEEK, Peoria, Ill.; KSYL, Alexandria, La.; WJBO, Baton Rouge, La.; WTCB, Flint, Mich., and WINR, Binghamton, N. Y.

ASRE 1947 WINTER MEETING

The forty-third annual meeting of the American Society of Refrigerating Engineers will be held in Atlantic City, New Jersey, December 8 to 10, it has been announced by R. H. Money, president of the society. Headquarters of the meeting will be the Hotel Traymore. Although the convention does not officially open until Monday, December 8, a number of committee meetings and advance registration are scheduled for Sunday afternoon, December 7. The Philadelphia section of the society will act as host for the occasion.



WEST COAST CASING FIRM EMPLOYS MODERN FACILITIES

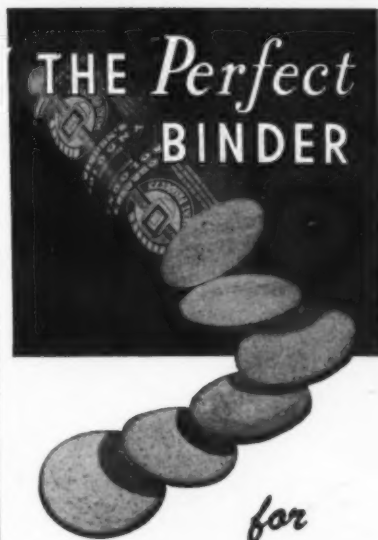
Germicidal lamps, plastic-topped selecting tables and tanks of stainless steel, fluorescent lighting and 70-deg. comfort air conditioning are some of the modern facilities employed in the remodeled Sacramento, Calif., casing cleaning plant of the A. Dewied Casing Co. As shown above, special germicidal lamps are installed on the walls to insure coverage of every portion of the selecting rooms and to protect the product from air-borne bacteria and prevent mold growth. A. Dewied, importer-exporter and West Coast producer and distributor of sausage casings, installed the lamps as a further step in a program of providing scientifically correct working conditions to insure cleanliness of product and comfort for employees.

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Tight casings—the "spring" of freshness is where Special X soy binder does its work. You'll find improved eating quality in even the best meats—and soy gives a lift to any product.

HOW TO USE IT

Soy flour or Grits is used in the same manner as any other binder. Some say they like Special X and Meatone Grits in combination with cereal or milk. Many prefer straight soy binder. We suggest you try them both ways.

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Northern Mexican Protective Zone Cleared of Foot-and-Mouth But Much Work Ahead

A MEXICAN government spokesman predicted this week that Mexico would be unable to continue to pay 50 per cent of the cost of the foot-and-mouth disease eradication campaign now being carried on in that country by the United States and Mexico.

The most recent report by the U. S. Department of Agriculture on the campaign indicates that the northern protective zone is now free of infection—one of the first major turning points in the program. However, veterinary inspectors in all parts of the northern area (nearest the United States) are being kept alert to detect any new outbreaks.

The area of definite infection now lies south of the states of Zacatecas, San Luis Potosi, Nayarit and Aguascalientes.

In areas where active eradication work is in progress, the field staff of the joint U.S.-Mexican commission is seeking to advance the campaign and at the same time spare thousands of now healthy animals by a series of "pocket" operations designed to keep infection from escaping from pockets where it now exists and to eliminate infective centers as soon as possible. Eradication forces have been stationed around the outskirts of each pocket and are work-

ing in toward the center to destroy the virus. Substantial progress in this strategy is being made.

Other recent developments include the arrival of additional technical personnel and machinery to speed eradication work; an increase in cleaning and disinfection activities, and an increase in education efforts.

With a slaughter of 12,632 infected or exposed cattle during the week ended August 16, the total number of cattle reported slaughtered from the begin-

ning of the campaign to that date is 184,819. The average cattle indemnity for the week of August 9 to 16 was \$58 (U. S. currency) per head, which is higher than previously reported figures averaging about \$49.

Work has been somewhat hampered in recent weeks as a result of severe cyclones and rainstorms that swept Mexico.

The Mexican government is studying a proposal to make possible immediate condemnation of infected or exposed animals, another that U. S. and Mexican campaign funds be pooled and a third to hold a research meeting on foot-and-mouth disease with U. S., Mexican and English scientists in attendance.

WEST COAST MEAT PACKERS PLAN A PROGRAM OF IMPROVEMENT IN QUALITY OF THEIR HIDES

West coast meat packers will make a real attempt to improve the quality of Pacific Coast hides so as to obtain for themselves prices close to Chicago prices, less freight differential, it was decided at a recent meeting of the hide committee of the Western States Meat Packers Association. E. E. Fallentine, American Packing & Provision Co., Ogden, is chairman of the committee. After a discussion with Lewis B. Jackson, chief of the hide bureau of the Tanners' Council of America, and with Pacific Coast brokers, the committee recommended the following steps be

taken in an improvement program:

1: The hide improvement program, should start with each packer on his own killing floor. There not only should be proper supervision of knife men on the floor to see that a good takeoff is made, but also each plant should have a score card in which each knife man's record for the day is scored either by the killing or hide cellar foreman.

2: All hide dealers and brokers purchasing hides on the Pacific Coast should be urged to cooperate with the packers in helping secure better takeoff



Eliminate all foreign, detrimental substances.

Facilitate disintegration in the cooker.

Hash and wash off with BOSS equipment.

Shown here is the BOSS Combination Hasher and Washer No. 727. Our Improved Jumbo Hasher with 30" x 10" washer cylinder. Cylinders of other sizes are also available.



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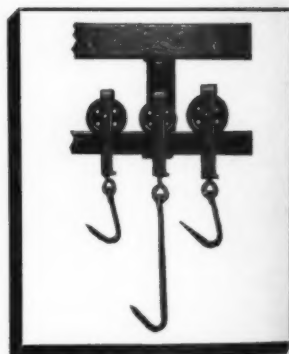


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T. M. Reg

and cure in the plants on the Pacific Coast.

3: Packers who are keeping records of scores and cuts on their killing floor should report improvement to the association. Those who inaugurate this system should report to the Association any improvement on their takeoff which is achieved during the next sixty-day period.

4: Packers should select their hides to the extent that steers should be selected and packed to weigh in two classifications—30 to 48 lbs. and 48 to 58 lbs. Cows should be packed 30 lbs. and up with not over a 47-lb. average. Hides of these classifications should be sold in carload lots if possible and carloads of cows and steers should be sold separately. Small packers who do not put up this many hides should be urged to pool and sell with neighboring packers so that these hides can be sold in carload lots.

5: A good delivery should be given. Hide cellar temperatures should be kept at 45 to 55° F., humidity 75 to 85 per cent, and hides should be kept in cure for 30 days.

6: Condition of the hide at takeup should be fairly dry.

7: The tare allowed should be determined by agreement between buyer and seller.

8: Hides should be taken off according to the standard hide pattern: (a) Shanks shall be taken off Frigorifico style, i.e., split up the back of the leg between the dewclaws; (b) Remove all dewclaws, hoof parts, and sinews; (c) Trim all ears, snouts and lips from the head before salting, and (d) Maximum tail length should be 8 in. cured measured from the root.

9: Standard No. 2 size salt (about size of large pea) should be used, 1 lb. to 1 lb. of hide, either solar or mined salt may be used; 50 per cent new salt should be added with each new pack of hides.

10: Grub and manure allowances should be determined by agreement between the buyer and seller.

HEAVY HOGS DRESS HIGH

Marhofer division of the Kuhner Packing Co., Fort Wayne, Ind., recently purchased a lot of 111 heavy butchers which dressed out in an unusual manner. Of the 111 hogs bought, 93 head with a total live weight of 39,840 lbs. (428.3 lbs. average) were slaughtered on September 9 with an average cold yield, head off and leaf in, of 79.79 per cent with a 2 per cent shrink. Total dressed weight of the lot was 31,790 lbs. These hogs were fed just a little over one year and were all Hampshires. Upon dressing, the body cavity in the hogs was found to be no larger than that in a normal 200-lb. butcher, according to Marhofer officials. The hogs were fed by Wallace Bolinger, producer with a farm located near North Manchester, Indiana.

The Great Lakes Casing Printer

COSTS ONLY \$48 WITHOUT TYPE

yet it cuts average casing costs hundreds of dollars the very first year

IMPRINTS blank casings with any desired product name, legend, etc.

Casing Waste Eliminated!

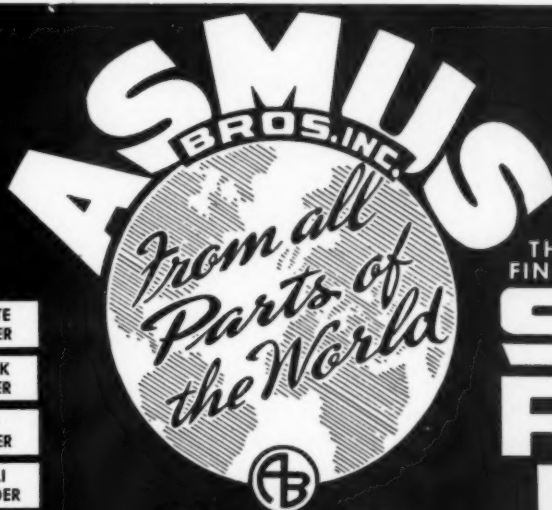


Your inventory of unusable cellulose casings will show you the savings possible with this equipment. Enables one standard casing to be used on many products, imprinting product name, etc., as required by daily production. Handles all sizes of casings, has interchangeable word slugs, plus many other features. Ask for details!

This machine built as a combination unit for imprinting either casings or cartons, with special large base and all necessary inking pads and type holders, is available at only \$57.50 plus cost of word slugs as selected.

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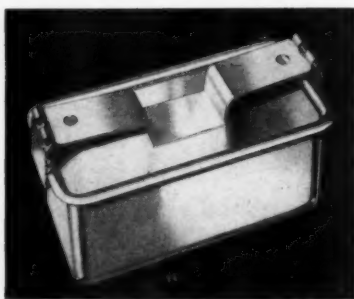
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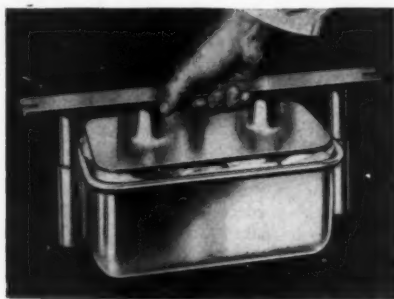
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Hoy Pressure Loaf Mold

THE NEW HOY PRESSURE LOAF MOLD was designed to help packers in two ways: First, because all types of loaves can be made with this mold, it eliminates the necessity of buying various size molds. Second, its simple, smooth construction **CUTS THE TREMENDOUS CLEANING COSTS EXPERIENCED WITH OLD MOLDS** to an unbelievable low.

The cover is one piece and all joints are completely closed. There are no breakable parts . . . no costly repairs.



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because VIOBIN thoroughly emulsifies and binds without becoming sticky and tough.

...PROLONGS SHELF LIFE

because VIOBIN contains natural anti-oxidant properties which retard rancidity.

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VIOBIN is a wholesome, highly nutritious pure food product derived from the embryo of the wheat berry—the natural source of Vitamin B Complex.

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Aug. Sausage and Sliced Bacon Output are Smaller Than in July; More Meat is Canned

VOLUME of semi-finished and finished meat products processed in federally inspected plants during August showed a mixed trend when com-

pared with the amounts handled a month earlier and in the same period in 1946. Sausage production totaling 122,786,000 lbs. in August was smaller than July volume of 128,681,000 lbs. and 125,161,000 lbs. turned out in August, 1946.

MEATS AND MEAT FOOD PRODUCTS PREPARED AND PROCESSED UNDER FEDERAL INSPECTION IN AUGUST 1947, WITH COMPARISONS

	1947 lbs.	August 1946 lbs.	January-August 1947 lbs.	1946 lbs.
Meat placed in cure—				
Beef	11,200,000	6,246,000	79,521,000	46,256,000
Pork	218,580,000	176,835,000	2,019,000,000	1,809,003,000
Smoked and/or dried—				
Beef	6,579,000	2,155,000	42,167,000	20,427,000
Pork	148,092,000	155,363,000	1,266,144,000	1,185,961,000
Sausage—				
Fresh (finished)	19,913,000	19,429,000	156,970,000	226,807,000
Smoked and/or cooked	95,556,000	94,149,000	885,824,000	670,691,000
To be dried or semi-dried	13,317,000	11,363,000	90,837,000	73,699,000
Total	122,786,000	125,161,000	931,631,000	981,167,000
Leaf, head cheese, chili con carne, jellied products, etc.	17,287,000	17,116,000	126,409,000	146,300,000
Cooked meat—				
Beef	2,818,000	2,294,000	20,890,000	16,462,000
Pork	41,178,000	39,447,000	361,508,000	310,656,000
Canned meat and meat food products—				
Beef	10,166,000	14,738,000	72,196,000	95,249,000
Pork	36,280,000	32,089,000	284,553,000	487,847,000
Sausage	10,005,000	6,587,000	67,680,000	47,143,000
Soup	9,287,000	13,719,000	277,698,000	241,558,000
All other	31,750,000	46,929,000	221,572,000	270,059,000
Total	98,097,000	134,062,000	923,090,000	1,101,856,000
Bacon (sliced)	52,448,000	50,972,000	418,034,000	400,921,000
Lard—				
Rendered	101,712,000	88,244,000	1,095,941,000	863,986,000
Refined	90,961,000	77,252,000	821,083,000	747,224,000
Rendered pork fat—				
Rendered	6,402,000	6,536,000	62,181,000	56,163,000
Refined	4,629,000	5,173,000	35,587,000	40,623,000
Oleo stock	6,630,000	9,517,000	67,440,000	58,353,000
Edible tallow	5,758,000	6,764,000	62,357,000	42,644,000
Compound containing animal fat	15,661,000	26,653,000	145,565,000	176,426,000
Oleomargarine containing animal fat	1,960,000	2,128,000	20,625,000	20,562,000
Miscellaneous	5,758,000	3,447,000	32,855,000	27,621,000
*Total	958,454,000	935,365,000	8,532,697,000	8,111,771,000

*This figure represents "inspection pounds" as recorded more than once due to having been subjected to treatment, such as curing first and then canning.

tallow production 1,000,000 lbs. under 1946. Production of oleomargarine containing animal fat also was down from the preceding month and from a year earlier.

Sausage production in the first eight

CANNING OPERATIONS AT OFFICIAL ESTABLISHMENTS AUGUST 1947

Item	Pounds of finished product Slicing and in- stitutional sizes (3 lbs. or over)	Consumer packages or shelf sizes (under 3 lbs.)
Luncheon meat (includes such items as spiced ham, chopped and pressed meats)	15,309,027	11,541,967
Canned hams (whole & fractional)	6,247,873	611,023
Corned beef hash	1,247,191	5,844,240
Chile con carne	791,533	3,127,083
Vienetta sausage	127,004	6,724,120
Potted and deviled meat food products (excluding deviled ham)		4,500,390
Deviled ham		329,751
Tamales	247,988	2,081,156
Sliced dried beef	5,992	3,470,750
Liver products		618,222
Meat stew (all types)	799,729	3,369,847
Spaghetti meat products (all types)	312,226	3,064,842
Tongue (other than pickled)	237,477	710,034
Vinegar pickled products	789,145	1,697,261
All other products containing 20% or more meat	2,090,504	8,202,393
All other products containing less than 20% meat (excluding canned soup)	210,541	4,728,578
Total of all products	28,300,910	57,480,507

months of 1947 totaled 931,631,000 lbs., or about 50,000,000 lbs. under output during the corresponding 1946 period. Sliced bacon volume at 418,034,000 lbs. in the first eight months of this year was around 17,000,000 lbs. ahead of 1946 and if production should continue near the current rate the total for the year may be the largest on record.

Inspected packers' production of rendered lard amounted to 1,095,941,000 lbs. in the first two-thirds of 1947 compared with 863,986,000 lbs. in the like period last year. Rendered pork fat production for the first eight months of the year amounted to 62,181,000 lbs. against 56,163,000 lbs. in 1946.

Australian Meat Plant

(Continued from page 13.)

and has two holding coolers for finished product and carcass meat. A fleet of motor trucks is used for distribution.

The firm is planning to expand its facilities by constructing a three-story building to house a retail store and freezers, office and bacon curing coolers and employ locker room and smoke-house.



SOME OF O'SULLIVAN BROS. FLEET OF TRUCKS

RECENT PATENTS

The information below is furnished by patent law offices of

LANCASTER, ALLWINE & ROMMEL

468 Bowen Building
Washington 5, D. C.

The data listed below is only a brief review of recently issued pertinent patents obtained by various U. S. Patent Office registered attorneys for manufacturers and/or inventors.

Complete copies may be obtained direct from Lancaster, Allwine & Rommel by sending 50c for each copy desired. They will be pleased to give you free preliminary patent advice.

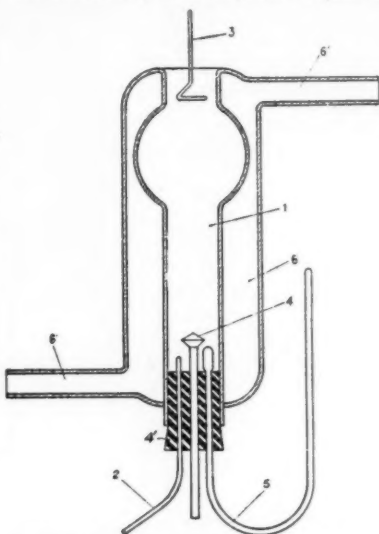
No. 2,426,486, **STABILIZATION OF FATTY MATERIALS**, patented August 26, 1947 by Loran O. Buxton, Newark, and Charles E. Dryden, East Orange, N. J., assignors to Nopco Chemical Co., Harrison, N. J., a corporation of New Jersey.

The process comprises contacting the fatty material with a vegetable meal in the presence of a relatively small amount of ammonia.

No. 2,425,422, **ELECTRICAL APPARATUS FOR DISINFECTING CASINGS (INTESTINES), ESPECIALLY CATGUT**, patented August 12, 1947 by

Laura Arnanz, Viuda de Tallada, Barcelona, Spain.

The intestines are supported by a false bottom which also carries one of the electrodes, and disposed within a



receptacle of dielectric material for an electrolyte. There is provided a jacket surrounding the receptacle for circulation of a fluid to cool the electrolyte.

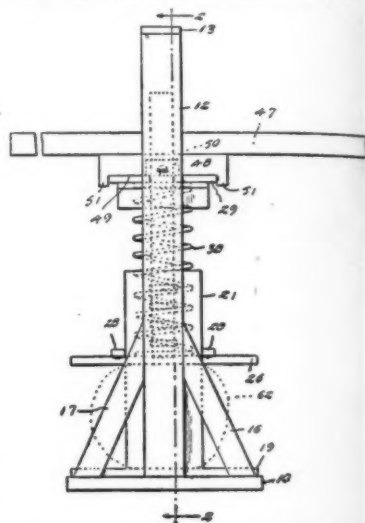
No. 2,423,363, **CLEANING UNIT FOR POWER MEAT CUTTERS**, patented July 1, 1947 by Vincent G. Biro, Ottawa county, O., assignor to the Biro

Manufacturing Co., Marblehead, O., a corporation of Ohio.

Included are a pair of resilient scrapers for cleaning the web of the continuous band blade of the cutter, a device for cleaning the felly of the blade-moving pulley, this felly being protected by a canopy from meat particles falling from the meat cutting plane, and a special support for the scrapers and the device mentioned.

No. 2,425,727, **HAM PRESS**, patented August 19, 1947 by Clarence Butz, Muscatine, Iowa.

This is an improvement upon the press disclosed in Patent No. 1,935,015, dated Nov. 14, 1933. Improvements include the provision of means to press



hams of different sizes, and means to facilitate removal of the pressed hams without distorting, breaking or splitting them.

SPEEDIER RAIL DINING

Dining cars in which 60 to 68 passengers may be served every 30 minutes, instead of 48 persons every 45 minutes, have been made possible by the perfection of electronic cooking devices, it was stated recently in *Railway Cars* magazine. Rail chefs are now able to deliver a 10-oz. tenderloin steak in about 50 seconds. Pork chops, lamb chops and fish fillet can be turned out in the same interval. A hamburger is done to perfection in 20 seconds, while ten seconds is average for frankfurters.

RESUMES MEAT TO ENGLAND

Argentina late last week resumed shipments of canned meat to Britain, after an eight-day suspension due to British cancellation of the convertibility of sterling, it was announced by the Argentine national economics council. The announcement came as Argentina lifted restrictions on imports from neighboring Latin American countries and from French and Belgian franc nations.

NEVER FAIL

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FLAVOR

Pre-Seasoning

3-DAY HAM CURE

It's the good, old-fashioned, full-bodied ham flavor that your customers want. That's what NEVERFAIL gives you. For extra goodness, NEVERFAIL imparts to the ham a distinctive, aromatic fragrance . . . because it *pre-seasons* as it cures. In addition, the NEVER-FAIL 3-Day Ham Cure always produces an appetizing, eye-catching pink color . . . mouth-melting tenderness . . . and a texture that's moist but never soggy. Write today for complete information.

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H. J. MAYER & SONS CO., INC.

5815 S. Ashland Ave., Chicago 36, Ill.

In Canada: H. J. Mayer & Sons Co., Limited, Windsor, Ontario

MARKET SUMMARY

Hogs—Pork—Lamb

HOGS

Chicago hog market this week: \$1.00 lower; other markets 75c to mostly \$1.25 lower with extremes up to \$1.80 lower.

	Thurs.	Week
	ago	
Chicago, top	\$28.50	\$29.50
4 day avg.	27.05	27.32
Kan. City, top	28.00	29.25
Omaha, top	28.50	29.75
St. Louis, top	28.25	29.25
Corn Belt, top	27.60	29.40
St. Paul, top	28.50	29.75
Indianapolis, top	28.00	28.75
Cincinnati, top	28.00	28.90
Baltimore, top	28.75	29.75

Receipts 20 markets

4 days239,000 238,000

Slaughter—

Fed. Insp.*720,000 686,000

Cut-out 180- 220- 240-

results 220 lb. 240 lb. 270 lb.

This week...+\$.58 —\$.08 —\$1.56

Last Week...+ 1.84 + 1.17 — .96

PORK

Chicago		
Reg. hams,		
all wts.	49n	57 1/2n
Loins, 12/16...54	@56	59 @60
Bellies, 8/12...53		58
Pienics,		
all wts.	35 @37 1/2	37 @44
Reg. trim-		
mings	32 @34	33 @35
New York:		
Loins, 8/12...57	@60	64 @66
Butts, all wts.51	@53	51 @53

LAMBS

Chicago, top	\$23.00	\$24.00
Kan. City, top	23.50	23.75
Omaha, top	22.25	24.00
St. Louis, top	23.00	25.50
St. Paul, top	22.50	24.50

Receipts 20 markets

4 days313,000 259,000

Slaughter—

Fed. Insp.*355,000 331,000

Dressed lamb prices:

Chicago, choice ...44 @46 48 1/2 @50

New York, choice.43 @47 51 @53

Cattle—Beef—Veal

CATTLE

Chicago cattle market for the week: Mostly steady to lower. Steers, steady; heifers, steady; cows, 50c to \$1.00 lower; canners and cutters, 25c higher; bulls, 50c lower; calves, steady to \$1.00 higher.

	Thurs.	Week
	ago	
Chicago steer top...	\$33.75	\$34.50
4 day cattle avg..	29.75	30.00
Chi. heifer top....	29.00	32.00
Chi. bol. bull top..	18.75	19.25
Chi. cut. cow top...	14.00	13.75
Chi. can. cow top...	12.00	11.75
Kan. City, top.....	29.50	34.00
Omaha, top	35.25	34.00
St. Louis, top.....	31.00	32.50
St. Paul, top.....	34.00	30.00

Receipts 20 markets

4 days299,000 338,000

Slaughter—

Fed. Insp.*344,000 349,000

BEEF

Carcass, good, all wts.:

Chicago	45 @49	47 @51
New York	44 @47 1/2	47 @50
Chi. cut., Nor..	24 1/2 @25	26 1/4 @26 3/4
Chi. can., Nor..	24 1/2 @25	26 1/4 @26 3/4
Chi. bol. bulls,		
dressed ...	28 @28 1/2	29 @30

CALVES

Chicago, top	\$27.00	\$27.00
Kan. City, top	22.00	22.00
Omaha, top	20.00	20.00
St. Louis, top	28.50	29.00
St. Paul, top	27.00	29.00

Slaughter—

Fed. Insp.*173,000 176,000

Dressed veal

Good, Chicago 35@39 | 36@40 |

Good, New York..... 34@38 | 39@42 |

*Week ended September 20.

DETAILED INFORMATION INDEX

Hog Cut-Out	30	Tallow and Greases ...	36
Carlot Provisions	33	Vegetable Oils	37
Lard	33	Hides	38
L. C. L. Prices	32	Livestock	40

Hides—Fats—By-Products

HIDES

Chicago packer hides well sold up at steady prices.

	Thurs.	Week
	ago	
Hvy. native cows....	30	30
Nor. Calf (heavy)...	80	80
Nor. Calf (light)...	90	90
Nor. native, Kipskin.	52 1/2	52 1/2
Outside Small Pkr.		
Native, all weight,		
strs. & cows.....	26@29	26@29

TALLOW, GREASES, ETC.

Chicago tallow: Fair offerings late in week following earlier sharp advance.

Fancy tallow.....21 18@19

Chicago grease: Fair offerings late in week following earlier sharp advance.

Choice white

grease21 18

Chicago By-Products: Mostly stronger.

Dry rend.

tankage . *2.30 *2.30@ 2.35

10-11%

tank *11.00 \$11.00

Blood *10.50@11.00 *10.00

Digester tankage

60% \$135.00 \$130.00

Cottonseed oil,

Val. & S. E.... 22b 21n

*F.O.B. shipping point.

LARD

Lard—Cash	22.50n	22.20n
Loose	23.00n	22.00b
Leaf	22.00n	21.00n

CHICAGO PROV. SHIPMENTS

Provision shipments from Chicago for the week ended September 20, 1947:

	Week	Previous	Cor. wk.
	Sept. 20	week	1946
Cured meats,			
pounds	24,329,000	20,843,000	6,088,000
Fresh meats,			
pounds	41,217,000	40,942,000	16,807,000
Lard, pounds	6,697,000	6,183,000	412,000

1 HAMS, Reg. 6-12
2 LOINS under 12
3 PORK, 4-8
4 HOG Average
5 D D S BELLIES, 16-30
6 P S LARD Tierces
7 THUMMINGS, Reg.

1 BEEF Cattle, Av. Chi.
2 CALF, Top, Chi.
3 C & C Av.
4 BEEF, Good, All Wts.
5 SVEAL, Good, All Wts.
6 SMOKELESS Bull Meats

1 HOGS
2 CATTLE
3 LAMB
4 CALF

The National Provisioner—September 27, 1947

Page 28

SHIPPERS
OF
MIXED CARS
OF
PORK, BEEF
AND
PROVISIONS

KREY Tenderated Hams

THE HAM WITH A
REPUTATION FOR
SATISFACTION
AND PROFIT!



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for

Sausage and Specialties

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FROM 1 BARREL TO A CARLOAD

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HUNTERIZED SMOKED AND CANNED HAM

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CHICAGO PROVISION MARKETS

From The National Provisioner Daily Market Service

CASH PRICES

CARLOT TRADING LOOSE BASIS
F.O.B. CHICAGO OR
CHICAGO BASIS

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1947

REGULAR HAMS		S.P.	
Fresh or Frozen			
8-10	49n	49n	
10-12	49n	49n	
12-14	49n	49n	
14-16	49n	49n	

BOILING HAMS		S.P.	
Fresh or Frozen			
16-18	48½n	48½n	
18-20	48½n	48½n	
20-22	48n	48n	

SKINNED HAMS		S.P.	
Fresh or Frozen			
10-12	52	52n	
12-14	52	52n	
14-16	52	52n	
16-18	51½	51½n	
18-20	51	51n	
20-22	50	48½n	
22-24	50	44½n	
24-26	44	44n	
26-up, No. 2's	40		
Inc.			

OTHER D.S. MEATS		Cured	
Fresh or Frozen			
Reg. plates...	23½n	23½n	
Clear plates...	23n	18½n	
Square joints...	33n	33n	
Jowl butts...	27@27½	27½	

PICNICS

Fresh or Frozen		S.P.	
4-6	37½	37½	
6-8	37	37	
8-10	35	35	
10-12	35	35	
12-14	35	35	
8-up, No. 2's	35		
Inc.			

BELLIES

Fresh or Frozen		Cured	
6-8	53	54	
8-10	53	54	
10-12	53	54	
12-14	53	54	
14-16	52	53	
16-18	51	52	
18-20	47	48	

D.S. BELLIES

Fresh or Frozen		Clear	
18-20	39½	39½	
20-25	39	39	
25-30	39	39	
30-35	39	39	
35-40	39	39	
40-50	38	38	

FAT BACKS

Green or Frozen		Cured	
6-8	19	18½	
8-10	19	18½	
10-12	19	18½	
12-14	19½@20	19½	
14-16	19½@20	19½	
16-18	21	20	
18-20	21	20	
20-25	21	20	

LARD FUTURES PRICES

MONDAY, September 22, 1947

Open	High	Low	Close
Sept. 21.70	21.70	21.50	21.65b
Oct. 21.80	21.80	21.65	21.80b
Nov. 21.85	22.00	21.65	21.85
Dec. 24.00	24.75	24.40	24.50b
Jan. 24.75	24.85	24.50	24.75a
Mar. 25.25	25.35	24.70	25.00b
May 25.65	25.65	25.00	25.25b

Sales: 6,650,000 lbs.

Open interest at close Fri., Sept. 19th: Sept., 4; Oct., 38; Nov., 685; *Dec., 276; *Jan., 116; *Mar., 458; *May, 64; at close Sat., Sept. 20th: Sept., 8; Oct., 40; Nov., 674; *Dec., 254; *Jan., 114; *Mar., 455 and *May 61 lots. (*40,000 lb. lots).

TUESDAY, September 23, 1947

Open	High	Low	Close
Sept. 22.00	22.00	21.65	21.65a
Nov. 22.00	22.25	21.70	21.70
Dec. 24.55	24.80	24.30	24.50a
Jan. 24.80	24.95	24.35	24.35
Mar. 25.00	25.30	24.75	24.75
May 25.55	25.55	25.25	25.25a

Sales: 4,920,000 lbs.

Open interest at close Mon., Sept. 22nd: Sept., 3; Oct., 40; Nov., 657; *Dec., 250; *Jan., 114; *Mar., 449 and *May, 63 lots. (*40,000 lb. lots).

WEDNESDAY, September 24, 1947

Open	High	Low	Close
Oct. 21.40	21.60	21.40	21.60b
Nov. 21.65	21.85	21.40	21.85
Dec. 24.30	24.50	23.85	24.10a
Jan. 24.40	24.60	24.20	24.25b
Mar. 24.65	24.70	24.50	24.60
May 25.30	25.20	24.95	25.00

Sales: 4,680,000 lbs.

Open interest at close Tues., Sept. 23rd: Sept., 2; Oct., 35; Nov., 650; *Dec., 248; *Jan., 113; *Mar., 458 and *May, 65 lots. (*40,000 lb. lots).

THURSDAY, September 25, 1947

Open	High	Low	Close
Oct. 22.25	22.25	22.00	22.00
Nov. 22.00	22.40	22.00	22.00b
Dec. 24.25	24.60	24.20	24.20b
Jan. 24.65	24.80	24.40	24.40
Mar. 24.65	25.20	24.65	24.75
May 25.15	25.15	25.15	25.15

Sales: 6,230,000 lbs.

Open interest at close Wed., Sept. 24th: Sept., 2; Oct., 36; Nov., 650; *Dec., 270; *Jan., 115; *Mar., 462 and *May, 68 lots. (*40,000 lb. lots).

FRIDAY, September 26, 1947

Open	High	Low	Close
Oct. 22.35	22.35	22.30	22.37½a
Nov. 22.25	22.60	22.25	22.35
Dec. 24.60	24.75	24.40	24.45b
Jan. 24.85	24.90	24.65	24.70
Mar. 25.30	25.35	25.00	25.00b
May 25.57½	25.65	25.20	25.35a

Sales: About 5,000,000 lbs.

Open interest at close Thurs., Sept. 25: Oct., 32; Nov., 658; *Dec., 245; *Jan., 116; *Mar., 461; *May 70. (*40,000 lb. lots).

CANADA MEAT STOCKS

Meat held in cold storage September 1 totaled 61,052,362 lbs., a decrease of 6,984,390 lbs. from August 1, but an increase of 8,624,426 lbs. over September 1, 1946 according to the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

Pork at 34,303,036 lbs., was 11,919,764 lbs. lower than on August 1, but 8,407,396 lbs. higher than on the corresponding date last year. Beef stocks were 19,043,183 lbs., 4,531,870 lbs. more than on August 1. On September 1 last year 18,927,187 lbs. were held. Holdings of veal were 5,641,884 lbs. as against 5,777,808 lbs. and 4,146,053 lbs., respectively. Mutton and lamb at 2,204,259 lbs. compared with 1,524,831 lbs. on August 1, and 3,459,056 a year ago.

PACKERS' WHOLESALE LARD PRICES

Refined lard, tierces, f.o.b.	
Chgo.	26.00
Kettle rend., tierces, f.o.b.	
Chgo.	26.50
Leaf, kettle rend., tierces f.o.b. Chgo.	26.50
Neutral, tierces, f.o.b. Chgo.	27.00
Standard shortening, *N.27.50-8.27.50	
Shortening, tierces, c.a.f. N. & S. Hydrogenated.....	20.25
*Del'd.	

WEEK'S LARD PRICES

	Tierces	Loose	Leaf
	P.S. Lard	P.S. Lard	Raw
Sept. 22....	22.00n	23.00b	22.00n
Sept. 23....	22.00n	23.00n	22.00n
Sept. 24....	22.00n	23.00n	22.00n
Sept. 25....	22.50n	23.00n	22.00n
Sept. 26....	22.37a	23.00b	22.00n

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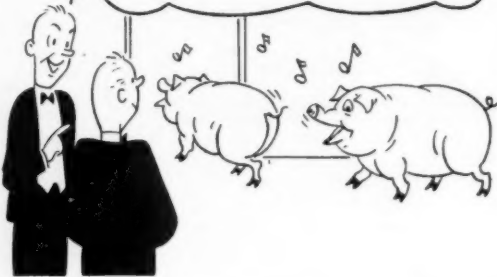
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Are you using the right grade, the right grain, the right amount of salt? Does it meet your needs 100%? If you're not sure, we'll gladly give you the answers based on your individual requirements. Absolutely no obligation, of course. Simply write the Director, Technical Service Dept. IY-11.

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with Duo-Pass, "Oilout"
and Balanced Wet
Bulb Control

Saves power; operates compressors at minimum head pressure with always full capacity; removes oil from refrigerant; saves condenser water; remains free from scale.

*Trademark Registered



NIAGARA BLOWER CO.

405 LEXINGTON AVE., NEW YORK 17, N. Y.

MARKET PRICES *New York*

DRESSED BEEF CARCASSES

City Dressed	
September 23, 1947	
Choice, native, heavy	55 62 58 1/2
Choice, native, light	50 1/2 62 57
Good	49 62 56
Comm.	42 62 51 1/2
Can. & cutter	27 62 29
Utility	28 62 33
Bol. bull	29 62 31

BEEF CUTS

City	
No. 1 ribs	70 62 73
No. 2 ribs	63 62 65
No. 1 loins	82 62 85
No. 2 loins	78 62 80
No. 1 hinds and ribs	59 62 61
No. 2 hinds and ribs	57 62 58
No. 3 hinds and ribs	51 62 54
No. 1 rounds	52 62 54
No. 2 rounds	52 62 54
No. 1 chucks	46 62 48
No. 2 chucks	45 62 46
No. 3 chucks	40 62 43
No. 1 briskets	46 62 48
No. 2 briskets	46 62 48
No. 1 flanks	19 62 21
No. 2 flanks	19 62 21
No. 1 top sirloins	64 62 65
No. 2 top sirloins	54 62 55
Rolls, reg. 4 62 6 lbs. av.	
Rolls, reg. 6 62 8 lbs. av.	

FRESH PORK CUTS

Western	
Shoulders, regular	45 62 50
Butts, regular, 3/8	52 62 53
Pork loins, fresh, 12 lbs. dn.	59 62 61
Hams, regular, under 14 lbs.	59 62 61 1/2
Hams, skinned, fresh, under 14 lbs.	62 62 64
Picnics, fresh, bone in	46 62 51
Pork trimmings, ex. lean	42 62 48
Pork trimmings, regular	32 62 38
Spareribs, medium	43 62 46
Bellies, sq. cut, seedless, 8/12	58 62 61
City	
Pork loins, fr., 10/12 lbs.	59 62 63
Shoulders, regular	45 62 46
Hams, regular, under 14 lbs.	57 62 58
Hams, sknd., under 14 lbs.	58 62 60
Picnics, bone in	42 62 44
Pork trim, ex. lean	43 62 47
Pork trim, regular	34 62 36
Spareribs, medium	44 62 46
Boston butts, 3/8 lbs.	52 62 56
Bellies, sq. cut, seedless, 8/12	59 62 60

FANCY MEATS

Veal breads, under 6 oz.	65
6 to 12 oz.	80
12 oz. up.	1.00
Beef kidneys	25
Beef livers	45
Lamb fries	35
Oxtails under 3/4 lb.	16
Oxtails over 3/4 lb.	25

WESTERN DRESSED MEATS AT NEW YORK

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1947
All quotations in dollars per cwt.

FRESH BEEF—STEER & HEIFER:

Choice:	
250-300 lbs.	None
300-400 lbs.	44.00-50.00
400-700 lbs.	49.00-50.50
700-800 lbs.	50.00-51.50

Good:	
350-500 lbs.	45.00-46.00
500-600 lbs.	46.00-47.00
600-700 lbs.	46.00-48.00
700-800 lbs.	47.00-48.00

Commercial:	
350-400 lbs.	36.00-40.00
400-700 lbs.	39.00-42.00

Utility:	
350-600 lbs.	None

OWW:

Commercial, all wts.	30.00-34.00
Utility, all wts.	28.00-30.00
Cutter, all wts.	None
Canner, all wts.	None

FRESH VEAL AND CALF:

SKIN OFF, CARCASS:

Choice:	
80-130 lbs.	38.00-43.00
130-170 lbs.	38.00-43.00
Good:	
50-80 lbs.	35.00-38.00
80-130 lbs.	34.00-37.00
130-170 lbs.	33.00-36.00

DRESSED HOGS

Hogs, gd. & ch., hd. on, lf. fat in	
100 to 130 lbs.	33 62 41 1/2
137 to 153 lbs.	33 62 41 1/2
154 to 171 lbs.	30 62 41 1/2
172 to 188 lbs.	30 62 41 1/2

LAMBS

Choice lambs	48 62 52
Good lambs	47 62 50
Commercial	43 62 47
Utility	44 62 43

VEAL—SKIN OFF

Western	
Choice carcass	38 62 43
Good carcass	34 62 38
Commercial carcass	27 62 30
Utility	27 62 30

CALF

Western	
Choice	38 62 43
Good	34 62 37
Commercial	29 62 32
Utility	27 62 30

BUTCHERS' FAT

Shop fat	\$ 8.00
Breast fat	9.50
Edible suet	10.00
Inedible suet	10.00

CANADIAN AUG. KILL

In its report of August slaughter of livestock in inspected plants in Canada, the Dominion Department of Agriculture gives the August average dressed weight for hogs as 175.1 lbs.; cattle, 489.4 lbs.; calves, 136.2 lbs., and sheep and lambs, 44.7 lbs. This compares with 170.9, 472.4, 137.4 and 45.1 lbs., respectively, in August a year ago. The numbers of livestock slaughtered in August are reported by the Department as follows:

	Aug. 1947	Aug. 1946
Cattle	118,371	104,550
Calves	54,344	60,182
Hogs	237,985	217,812
Sheep	108,904	180,792

WESTERN DRESSED MEATS AT NEW YORK

Commercial:	
50-80 lbs.	30.00-32.00
80-130 lbs.	30.00-32.00
130-170 lbs.	28.00-32.00
Utility, all wts.	26.00-28.00

FRESH LAMB AND MUTTON:

SPRING LAMB:	
Choice:	
30-40 lbs.	47.00-48.00
40-45 lbs.	47.00-48.00
45-50 lbs.	47.00-48.00
50-60 lbs.	46.00-47.00

Good:	
30-40 lbs.	45.00-46.00
40-45 lbs.	45.00-46.00
45-50 lbs.	45.00-46.00
50-60 lbs.	45.00-46.00
Commercial, all wts.	38.00-43.00
Utility, all wts.	None

MUTTON (EWE), 70 lbs. Dn.:

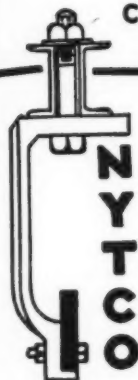
Good	20.00-22.00
Commercial	16.00-18.00
Utility	11.00-14.00

FRESH PORK CUTS: Loins No. 1:

(BLADELESS INCL.):	
8-10 lbs.	60.00-62.00
10-12 lbs.	60.00-62.00
12-16 lbs.	58.00-60.00
16-20 lbs.	None
Shoulders, Skinned, N. Y. Style:	
8-12 lbs.	None
Butts, Boston Style:	
4-8 lbs.	51.00-53.00

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BY-PRODUCTS—FATS—OILS

TALLOW AND GREASES

The spread between lard and white grease, as well as vegetable oils, narrowed sharply during the week.

The tallows and greases market climbed erratically and sharply higher through the early part of the week but most of the wind appeared to go out of its sails on fair offerings Thursday at steady prices. The larger soapers reported Thursday that the day's offerings were at the top of the quoted ranges, representing prices paid the previous day by the smaller buyers, and this was confirmed in other directions around the market. Larger buyers, however, clung to the inside figures of the ranges, and there were indications that some product in the lower grades, including yellow grease, were moving on that basis.

The larger soapers were credited with picking up possibly 100 tanks or more of product early in the week, basis 20c for fancy tallow and choice white grease, with quoted differentials for the lower grades, but about 20 tanks of the better grades moved Wednesday at 21c for fancy and choice white grease and 20½c for prime tallow, going to smaller buyers.

Generally, the uncertainty prevailing in most commodity markets has carried over to the tallows and greases market, causing a hesitant attitude on the part of traders.

TALLOW.—Closing quotations for tallow in carlots, f.o.b. producer's plant were sharply higher than a week earlier with active inquiry and limited offerings. Thursday quotations were as follows:

Edible, 21@22c; fancy, 21c; choice, 20½c; prime or extra, 20½c; special, 20½c; No. 1, 19c n; No. 3, 18½c n; No. 2, 17c n.

GREASES.—The market in greases advanced sharply 3c for the best grades

FERTILIZER PRICES

HAZIS NEW YORK DELIVERY

Ammoniates	
Ammonium sulphate, bulk, per ton, f.o.b. production point	\$37.00
Blood, dried 16% per unit of ammonia	10.50
Unground fish scrap, dried, 60% protein nominal f.o.b.	2.00
Fish Factory, per unit	2.00
Soda nitrate, per net ton, bulk, ex-vessel Atlantic and Gulf ports	42.50
in 100-lb. bags	45.50
Fertilizer tankage, ground, 10% ammonia, 10% B.P.L., bulk	nominal
Feeding tankage, unground, 10-12% ammonia, bulk per unit of ammonia	11.50
Phosphates	
Bone meal, steam, 3 and 50 bags, per ton, f.o.b. works	\$60.00
Bone meal, raw, 4½% and 50% in bags, per ton, f.o.b. works	67.50
Superphosphate, bulk, f.o.b. Baltimore, 19% per unit	.80
Dry Rendered Tankage	
45/50% protein, unground, \$2.40 per unit of protein	

EASTERN FERTILIZER MARKET

New York, September 25, 1947

The demand for various packinghouse products is very heavy and all markets advanced the past week. Some blood was sold at \$10 per unit f.o.b. an Eastern shipping point, and several cars of wet rendered tankage sold at \$11.50. Cracklings advanced to \$2.40 and the supply of all these materials is rather small.

The price of nitrate of soda was advanced by both the domestic and Chilean producers.

compared with a week earlier. Grease quotations on Thursday were reported as follows:

Choice white 21c; A-white, 19½@20½c; B-white, 19@20c; yelow 18½@19½c; house, 17½c n; brown, 25 F.F.A., 16½c n.

GREASE OILS.—Grease oils followed the trend in other fats and oils with a sharp 5c spurt in price over a week earlier. No. 1 oil was quoted at 25½c, compared with 20½c a week ago. Prime burning sold at 27½c, compared

BY-PRODUCTS MARKETS

(Chicago, September 25, 1947.)

Blood

	Unit
Ammonia	
Unground, per unit ammonia	\$10.50@11.00

Digester Feed Tankage Materials

Unground, loose	\$11.00
Liquid stick, tank cars	5.00n

Packinghouse Feeds

	Carlots, per ton
50% meat and bone scraps, bulk	\$130.00
55% meat scraps, bulk	143.00
50% feeding tankage, with bone, bulk	112.50
60% digester tankage, bulk	135.00
80% blood meal, bagged	170.00
65% B.P.L. special steamed bone meal, bagged	65.00@70.00

Bone Meal (Fertilizer Grades)

	Per ton
Steam, ground, 3 & 50	50.00@55.00n
Steam, ground, 2 & 27	50.00@55.00n

Fertilizer Materials

	Per ton
High grade tankage, ground	
100% 11% ammonia	\$6.00 and 10n
Bone tankage, unground, per ton	59.00n
Hoof meal, per unit ammonia	7.00n

Dry Rendered Tankage

	Per unit Protein
Cake	\$2.30
Expeller	2.30

Gelatine and Glue Stocks

	Per cwt.
Calf trimmings (limed)	\$2.50@2.85
Hide trimmings (green, salted)	1.65@1.85
Sinews and pizzles (green, salted)	1.65@1.85
	Per ton
Cattle jaws, skulls and knuckles	\$75.00
Pig skin scraps and trim, per lb.	.10

Animal Hair

Winter coil dried, per ton	\$80.00@85.00
Summer coil dried, per ton	55.00@60.00
Cattle switch, lb.	2½@3
Winter processed, gray, lb.	12@13
Summer processed, gray, lb.	7@7½
*F.O.B. shipping point.	

with 22½c, and acidless tallow oil was quoted at 25½c, compared with 20½c. All prices quoted are in drum lots.

NEATSFOOT OIL.—Quotations on neatsfoot oil were nominally higher but trading continued relatively light in a well sold up market.

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VEGETABLE OILS

While most vegetable oils continued to show some strength during the week, buyers appeared more interested in new crop oils for forward shipment than in the relatively high priced spot market.

New soybean oil is expected to move soon. The first car of new crop soybeans, originating in southern Illinois, arrived on the Chicago market Monday.

Although trading in copra was reported at \$190 per short ton c.i.f. West Coast early in the week, sellers Wednesday reduced their asking prices \$5 per ton. Domestic crushers appeared to show little interest at that level. The Bureau of Agricultural Economics reports that prices in the Philippines are currently more than three times as high as the 1935-39 average, and heavy production and export may be expected to continue.

Peanut acreage planting allotments have been reduced to 2,359,372 acres for 1948, the Department of Agriculture has announced. The planting allotments will become effective only if growers approve federal marketing quotas at a referendum to be scheduled before December 31. The comparable

acreage this year is indicated to be 3,104,000. USDA has announced a price support program for peanuts this year. The possibility of a surplus of peanuts next year is anticipated.

SOYBEAN OIL.—Thursday's price of 20c paid, basis Decatur, was fully steady with bid quotations a week ago.

COCONUT OIL.—Thursday's price of 18c nominal Pacific Coast, was 2c up.

PEANUT OIL.—Thursday's price of 22c nominal, Southeast, was unchanged from a week ago.

CORN OIL.—At 23c nominal, this product was 1c up from a week earlier.

COTTONSEED OIL.—Thursday spot crude prices at 22c bid across the Belt were 1c up from the 21c nominal a week earlier. Quotations on the N. Y. futures market for the first four days of the week were reported:

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1947

	Open	High	Low	Close	Pr. cl.
Oct.				*22.75	21.75
Dec.	21.45	22.10	21.00	21.40	21.45
Jan., 1948,				*22.20	21.45
Mar., 1948,	21.60	22.40	21.00	22.40	21.00
May, 1948,	22.20	22.45	21.85	22.45	21.70
July, 1948,	22.25	22.25	22.25	*22.35	21.75
Sept., 1948,				*22.50	22.00

Total sales: 27 contracts.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1947

Oct.	23.25	23.25	23.25	*23.00	22.75
Dec.	22.40	22.40	22.40	*22.40	22.00
Jan., 1948,				*22.40	22.50
Mar., 1948,	22.95	22.95	22.80	*22.65	22.40
May, 1948,	22.70	23.10	22.00	*22.65	22.45
July, 1948,	22.85	22.85	22.85	*22.65	22.35
Sept., 1948,	22.50	22.50	22.50	*22.10	22.50

Total sales: 19 contracts.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1947

Oct.				*23.50	23.00
Dec.	23.00	23.15	22.50	*23.00	22.40
Jan., 1948,				*23.10	22.40
Mar., 1948,	22.50	23.00	22.50	*22.95	22.65
May, 1948,	22.50	23.25	22.50	*22.95	22.65
July, 1948,	23.25	23.25	23.25	*22.95	22.65
Sept., 1948,				*22.25	22.10

Total sales: 15 contracts.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1947

Oct.				*23.25	23.50
Dec.	*22.75	23.35	23.10	*23.00	23.00
Jan., 1948,	22.75	23.35	23.05	*23.00	23.00
Mar., 1948,	*22.95	23.25	23.10	*23.10	23.00
May, 1948,	*23.00	23.25	23.25	*23.10	22.95
July, 1948,				*23.10	22.95
Sept., 1948,				*22.50	22.25

Total sales: 54 contracts.

*Bid. †Asked.

VEGETABLE OILS

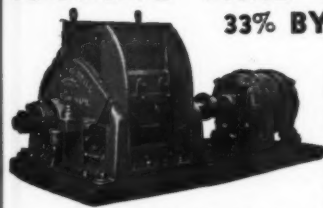
Cnd cottonseed oil, carlots, f.o.b. mills	22b
Valley	22b
Southeast	22b
Texas	22b
Srbcan oil, in tanks, f.o.b.	22b
mills, Midwest	20pd
Cm oil, in tanks, f.o.b. mills ..	23n
Coconut oil, Pacific Coast ..	18n
Peanut oil, f.o.b. Southern points ..	22n
Cottonseed fatts	22n
Midwest and West Coast	41g
East	41g

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White domestic, vegetable	33
White animal fat	35
Milk churned pastry	32
Water churned pastry	31

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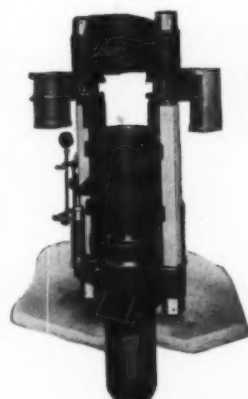


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HIDES AND SKINS

Broad movement of packer hides at steady pices—Branded steers clear at the ½c decline established late last week—All-heavy native steers bring ½c premium—Market well sold up.

Chicago

PACKER HIDES.—Packers continued to move hides this week in a broad way at steady prices. A half-cent premium was paid for all-heavy native steers, with other descriptions moving at prices unchanged from previous week. Reported sales totalled 88,500 hides, mostly Sept. take-off, but well over 100,000 hides are known to have moved, including private bookings to tanning accounts.

The market in general is well sold up as the end of the season of best summer quality approaches. However, none of the tanners appears to have any sizeable stocks of hides on hand, according to traders. Many have been buying on a hand-to-mouth basis for some time at the current price levels.

One packer sold 5,000 all-heavy native steers at 31c, or ½c premium for straight heavies. Another packer sold 2,200 mixed light and heavy native steers at 30½c, steady with previous week.

Extreme light native steers have been

comparatively scarce; one lot of 2,600 Ft. Worth light cows, with extreme light native steers included, sold at 33c, steady basis.

Branded steers sold down ½c at the end of last week, when one packer sold a total of 7,500; butt brands, heavy Texas and light Texas steers sold at 28½c, and Colorados at 28c. Two other packers moved brands this week at the same levels, 5,450 butt brands being reported at 28½c, and 3,800 Colorados at 28c; 1,400 mixed brands, butts and Colorados, sold same basis; 1,400 Texas steers sold at 28½c for both heavies and lights. Extreme light Texas steers are quotable around 29c, nom., without recent trading. There was further trading in a quiet way by two packers on both branded steers and branded cows, as well as bookings to tanning accounts, which left this description closely sold up.

One lot of 2,800 Chgo. and St. Paul heavy native cows sold at 30c, and 3,000 more northern points also moved at 30c, steady basis.

Light native cows sold in about the same range as last week; 10,000 light River points sold at 31½c, with heavier average points at 31c; 3,800 Chgo. and St. Paul light cows sold at 30½c; 3,600 Chgo., 3,800 Milwaukee and St. Paul, and 3,400 other northern light cows sold

30½c; one packer sold 13,000 light cows at 30½c, 31c and 31½c, according to points. A few Ft. Worth light cows sold with extreme light native steers at 33c, or ½c over last week for the cows.

Reported sales of branded cows totalled about 17,000 at 28c for regular points; light average southwest points were reported salable at 28½c, the usual premium. However, there were additional bookings and quiet sales of this description which left it well sold up for the week.

No trading has come to light on bulls this week and market quoted steady at 20c for native and 19c for branded bulls.

Federally inspected cattle slaughter for week ended Sept. 20 was estimated by the USDA at 344,000 head, one percent under the 349,000 of previous week, but nearly four times the 90,000 reported same week a year ago. Calf slaughter was estimated at 173,000 head, two percent under the 176,000 of previous week, but nearly twice the 92,000 reported same week a year ago.

Cattle receipts at the twelve western markets for the first four days this week totalled only 251,200 head, as against 289,418 for same period last week.

Original margin requirements on hide futures trading on the Commodity Exchange at New York were increased substantially at the opening of business on Sept. 25. On each contract, long or short, other than trade hedging or straddle transactions, the original margin requirement was boosted to \$1,200.00 from \$800.00, while margins for each hedging transaction, long or short, were raised from \$600.00 to \$900.00.

OUTSIDE SMALL PACKER.—Outside small packer hides were not overly active this week; offerings are not very plentiful and are strongly priced, sellers talking 29@30c for hides running 42/44 lb. avge., so that buyers were inclined to favor the packer market. Market in a general way is quoted 26@29c, taking in heavy stock 55 lb. and up.

PACIFIC COAST.—There was further trading late last week involving about 16,000 hides moving from independent killers at 26½c, flat, for steers and cows, steady with the price paid earlier to larger killers; market is said to be well sold up through Sept. in most quarters.

CALF AND KIPSKINS.—Trading previous week on a broad scale, mentioned here last week, left the packer calfskin market well sold up through Sept. at most points. Northern calfskins sold at 90c for lights under 9½ lb., and 80c for heavies 9½/15 lb.; River point calf sold at 85c for lights and 65c for heavies, and St. Louis calf sold at same prices; southern all-weights were sold quietly at 55c.

One local packer at the close of last week moved Oct. production of kipskins, 15,000 or more, at prices steady with those paid earlier last week; native kips sold at 52½c for northern and 50c for southern; over-weights moved at 47½c for northern and 45c for southern; brands sold at 2½c discount in each in-

stance. E all packe tips, and into Oct.

Packer \$3.65; ha 1.00, flat,

SHEEP quiry for dips, par but very offering No. 1's at about \$3. reported s \$1.40@1. skins are offerings packer p or better Offerings on the l credited 3.80 per c westerns 25c less.

CHICAGO

Hy. nat. c Hy. Tex. d Hy. butt brnd'd str Hy. Col. d Ex-light Tex str. brnd'd cow Hy. nat. cu fat. bulls fat. bulls brnd'd bull Calfskins, N Lips. Nor. Lips. Nor. Sunks, reg Sunks, brl

CITY

fat. all-wt brnd'd all fat. bulls brnd'd bull Calfskins, N Lips. nat. Sunks, reg Sunks, brl All packe a trimmea quoted sele

Hy. str. Hy. cows Bufs Extremes Bulls Calfskins Kipskins Hornhides

All count med basis

Far. shearl Dry pelts

CHICAGO

Receip week en 6,964,000 lbs.; for year 4,4 270,330, 826,000 earlier.

Shipm the we were 5, 041,000 329,000 000 lbs. for the

The Nat

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LAMB AND SHEEP PELTS

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FOR QUOTATION

stance. Earlier trading last week left all packers sold up through Sept. on tips, and one large producer sold deep into Oct. production at these prices.

Packer regular slunks last sold at \$3.65; hairless are quoted around 95@1.00, flat, nom.

SHEEPSKINS.—There is active inquiry for packer shearlings and Fall clips, particularly from mouton tanners, but very little available in the way of offerings. One mixed car sold this week, No. 1's at about \$2.70, and Fall clips at about \$3.70. No. 1 shearlings are reported salable at \$2.70@2.75, No. 2's \$1.40@1.50, and No. 3's at \$1.15. Pickled skins are firm, with production and offerings light; bid of \$17.00 per doz. packer production reported, with \$18.00 or better asked, some talking \$20.00. Offerings of packer wool pelts are also on the light side; Spring lambs are credited as selling recently at \$3.70@3.80 per cwt. liveweight basis for mostly westerns; some quote natives around 25c less.

CHICAGO HIDE QUOTATIONS

PACKER HIDES			
	Week ended Sept. 25, '47	Previous Week	Cor. week, 1946
Hvy. nat. str.	@31	@30 1/2	@15 1/2
Hvy. Tex. str.	@28 1/2	@29	@14 1/2
Hvy. butt	@28 1/2	@29	@14 1/2
Hvy. Col. str.	@28	@28 1/2	@14
Ex-light Tex. str.	@28 1/2	@29	@15
Brnd'd cows...	@28 1/2	@29	@14 1/2
Hvy. nat. cows...	@30	@30	@15 1/2
Li. nat. cows...	@31 1/2	@31 1/2	@15 1/2
Fat. bulls...	@20	@20	@12
Brnd'd bulls...	@19	@19	@11
Calves, Nor. 80	@20	@20	@11
Kips, Nor. nat.	@52 1/2	@52 1/2	@20
Kips, Nor. brnd.	@50	@50	@17 1/2
Slunks, reg.	@3.05	@3.05	@1.10
Slunks, hrls.	@1.00	@1.00	@.55

CITY AND OUTSIDE SMALL PACKERS

Fat. all-wts...	@29	@29	@15
Brnd'd all wts...	@28	@28	@14
Fat. bulls...	@16 1/2	@16 1/2	@11 1/2
Brnd'd bulls...	@15 1/2	@15 1/2	@10 1/2
Calves, Nor. 80	@20	@20	@11
Kips, reg.	@3.40	@3.50	@1.10
Slunks, hrls.	@.95	@.95	@.55

All packer hides and all calf and kipskins quoted on trimmed, selected basis; small packer hides quoted selected, trimmed; all slunks quoted flat.

COUNTRY HIDES

Hvy. str.	@23	@25	@24
Hvy. cows...	@23	@25	@24
Slunks...	@23	@25	@24
Extremes...	@23	@25	@24
Bulls...	@14	@14 1/2	@11 1/2
Calves...	@40	@40	@18
Kipskins...	@29	@30	@16
Horsehides...	@9.00	@9.75	@8.00

All country hides and skins quoted on flat trimmed basis.

SHEEPSKINS

Pr. shearlings...	@2.70	@2.75	@2.15
Dry pelts...	@26	@27	@27

CHICAGO HIDE MOVEMENT

Receipts of hides at Chicago for the week ended September 20, 1947, were 6,964,000 lbs.; previous week, 6,008,000 lbs.; for the corresponding week last year 4,475,000 lbs., January 1 to date 270,330,000 lbs., compared with 246,826,000 lbs. in the same period a year earlier.

Shipments of hides from Chicago for the week ended September 20, 1947, were 5,965,000 lbs.; previous week 4,041,000 lbs.; same week last year, 5,329,000 lbs.; January 1 to date 322,254,000 lbs., compared with 167,799,000 lbs. for the same period a year ago.

WEEK'S CLOSING MARKETS

N. Y. HIDE FUTURES

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1947				
	Open	High	Low	Close
Sept.	29.50b	29.25	29.25	29.00b
Dec.	24.90b	25.30	25.10	25.25
Mar.	23.25a	23.20	22.70	23.10b
June	22.20a	22.10	21.80	22.00b

Closing 10 higher to 50 lower; Sales 30 lots.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1947				
	Open	High	Low	Close
Sept.	28.00b	28.00	28.00	28.00
Dec.	22.75b	23.00	22.85	22.95b
Mar.	22.90b	23.20	23.10	23.01b
June	21.90b	22.00	21.80	22.00b

Closing unchanged to 1.00 lower; Sales 28 lots.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1947				
	Open	High	Low	Close
Sept.	27.50	27.50	27.50	27.50
Dec.	24.90	25.00	24.80	25.10b
Mar.	22.75b	23.00	22.85	22.95b
June	21.60b	22.00	21.95	21.95b

Closing unchanged to 6 lower; Sales 18 lots.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1947				
	Open	High	Low	Close
Sept.	25.00	25.80	25.00	25.80
Dec.	22.75b	23.35	23.25	23.20b
Mar.	21.60b	22.30	22.10	22.15
Sept., 1948...	20.10b	20.10b	20.10b	21.30b

Closing 20@70 higher; Sales 37 lots.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1947				
	Open	High	Low	Close
Sept.	25.62b	27.50	26.00	27.35
Dec.	23.30b	24.85	23.90	24.65
Mar.	22.10b	23.50	22.75	23.40b
Sept., 1948...	21.45b	22.00	21.45b	22.40b

Closing strong 110@155 higher; Sales 89 lots.

FRIDAY'S CLOSINGS

Provisions

While the Chicago live hog top price was off \$1.15 for the week Friday at \$28.35, the average was down only 30c at \$27.00.

Practically all provisions prices declined sharply during the week. Under 12 pork loins were 2@3c lower at 56@57c; 12/16 green skinned hams 5 1/2c down at 53c; Boston butts 1/2@2 1/2c off at 48@50c. Under 3 spareribs were down 1/2@1 1/2c at 43@44c; 18/20 DS bellies 1/2c off at 39 1/2c and 8/12 fat backs 1/2c down at 18 1/2c. The 4/6 range of picnics were 2 1/2c down at 38c while 8 and up brought 36c.

Cottonseed Oil

Cottonseed oil futures prices at New York closed Friday as follows: Oct. 22.50b, 24.00ax; Dec. 23.25b, 23.50ax; Jan. 23.25b, 23.60ax; Mar. 23.25b, 23.45ax; May 23.25b, 23.50ax; July 23.25b, 23.50ax; Sept. 22.80b, 23.10ax. Sales were 20 lots.

LIVESTOCK IN DENMARK

Except for hogs, Danish livestock numbers were below a year earlier in the July mid-year census. Heavy livestock liquidation has been expected, due to the extremely dry weather in July

and August, but early September rains ended the drouth. The census gave cattle numbers as 2,927,000 head, and hog numbers as 1,823,000 head.

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COTTON PRODUCTS CO.

CINCINNATI 14, OHIO

LIVESTOCK MARKETS

Weekly Review

CANADIAN HOG NUMBERS UP

A larger Canadian spring pig crop resulted in June 1, 1947 estimates of an 11 per cent increase in hog numbers, compared with a year earlier. Canadian hog numbers were placed at 5,473,000, compared with 4,910,000 a year earlier, a 1941-45 average of 7,024,000 and a 1936-40 average of 4,409,000.

The spring pig crop was estimated at 4,401,000, compared with 3,983,000 a year ago, a 1941-45 average of 6,427,000 and a 1936-40 average of 5,315,000.

According to USDA's office of foreign agricultural relations, the indicated number of sows to farrow this fall in Canada total 531,000, compared with 497,000 a year ago, 632,000 in 1942-45 and an average of 415,000 in 1936-40. The department pointed out, however, that the serious feed situation, particularly in the central provinces, has resulted in heavy marketings of sows and the actual increase in fall farrowings may be below June 1 intentions.

TRUCK RECEIPTS IN AUGUST

The USDA reports the total salable receipts and drive-ins at 66 public markets in August as follows:

TOTAL SALABLE RECEIPTS

	Aug., 1947	Aug., 1946
Cattle	1,383,565	1,554,411
Calves	447,769	463,597
Hogs	1,282,487	1,193,226
Sheep	988,852	1,304,629

TOTAL DRIVEN-IN RECEIPTS

	Aug., 1947	Aug., 1946
Cattle	1,103,900	1,111,327
Calves	416,655	397,247
Hogs	1,335,794	1,249,691
Sheep	641,483	779,534

Note: Total receipts represent livestock movements at the specified markets, including through shipments and direct shipments to packers when such shipments pass through the stockyards.

USDA reports drive-in receipts constituted 66.6 per cent of the cattle, 69.2 per cent of the calves, 75.3 per cent of the hogs and 38 per cent of the sheep and lambs received at markets in August.

LIVESTOCK AT 66 MARKETS

Receipts and disposition of livestock at 66 markets in August reported by USDA:

CATTLE

	Total receipts	Local slaughter	Shipments
Aug., 1947	1,656,897	801,274	833,114
Aug., 1946	1,835,191	809,135	1,161,251
Jan.-Aug., 1947	13,593,402	7,081,638	6,386,286
Jan.-Aug., 1946	13,175,926	4,922,039	8,225,944

5-yr. av. (Aug., 1942-46) 1,853,690 886,498 947,495

CALVES

	Total receipts	Local slaughter	Shipments
Aug., 1947	602,481	353,524	235,973
Aug., 1946	629,909	320,507	308,549
Jan.-Aug., 1947	4,505,146	2,774,171	1,642,286
Jan.-Aug., 1946	4,011,462	2,174,996	1,783,406

5-yr. av. (Aug., 1942-46) 627,988 369,869 261,445

HOGS

	Total receipts	Local slaughter	Shipments
Aug., 1947	1,773,639	1,160,891	609,256
Aug., 1946	1,832,431	1,124,135	713,933
Jan.-Aug., 1947	14,628,247	12,794,900	5,763,127
Jan.-Aug., 1946	19,667,767	12,079,187	7,572,344

5-yr. av. (Aug., 1942-46) 2,206,302 1,528,502 674,427

SHEEP AND LAMBS

	Total receipts	Local slaughter	Shipments
Aug., 1947	1,687,619	732,285	964,600
Aug., 1946	2,187,189	855,335	1,341,890
Jan.-Aug., 1947	12,835,623	6,190,691	6,741,548
Jan.-Aug., 1946	16,483,727	8,080,097	8,409,279

5-yr. av. (Aug., 1942-46) 2,678,681 1,181,000 1,486,409

STOCKERS AND FEEDERS

Stocker and feeder cattle received in the eight Corn Belt states in August are reported by the USDA as follows:

	Aug. 1947	Aug. 1946
CATTLE AND CALVES:		
Public stockyards	144,476	242,322
Direct	53,067	80,380
Totals	197,543	322,702

SHEEP AND LAMBS:

	Aug. 1947	Aug. 1946
Public stockyards	157,959	177,448
Direct	125,393	160,948
Totals	283,352	338,396

Data in this report were obtained from offices of state veterinarians. Under "public stockyards" are included stockers and feeders which were bought at stockyards markets. Under "direct" are included stockers and feeders coming from other states from points other than public stockyards, some of which are inspected at public stockyards while stopping for feed, water, and rest en route.

SALABLE LIVESTOCK AT 12 MARKETS

U. S. Department of Agriculture report of August receipts of salable livestock at the seven leading markets with totals including five other markets:

	Aug. 1947	Aug. 1946
Chicago	139,550	176,960
Kansas City	155,746	195,440
Omaha	115,630	122,340
E. St. Louis	98,536	78,180
St. Joseph	44,587	44,220
Sioux City	78,179	330,360
So. St. Paul	84,318	81,220
*Totals	865,967	1,039,000

*Includes seven markets named, plus Cincinnati, Denver, Fort Worth, Indianapolis and Oklahoma City.

	Aug. 1947	Aug. 1946
Chicago	13,127	12,600
Kansas City	21,799	31,560
Omaha	6,251	7,100
E. St. Louis	36,106	39,440
St. Joseph	9,767	9,760
Sioux City	2,037	3,100
So. St. Paul	26,158	24,600
*Totals	197,379	233,060

*Includes seven markets named, plus Cincinnati, Denver, Fort Worth, Indianapolis and Oklahoma City.

	Aug. 1947	Aug. 1946
Chicago	132,632	139,400
Kansas City	37,796	28,200
Omaha	97,438	52,200
E. St. Louis	137,447	89,900
St. Joseph	68,713	23,200
Sioux City	95,755	88,200
So. St. Paul	111,642	90,100
*Totals	883,430	790,000

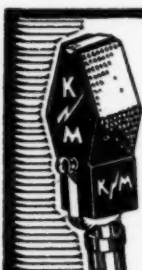
*Includes seven markets named, plus Cincinnati, Denver, Fort Worth, Indianapolis and Oklahoma City.

	Aug. 1947	Aug. 1946
Chicago	34,550	56,800
Kansas City	61,917	74,400
Omaha	57,985	49,200
St. Joseph	43,809	40,900
Denver	47,639	66,400
Oklahoma City	6,089	8,200
So. St. Paul	60,599	92,200
*Totals	486,527	707,700

*Includes seven markets named, plus Cincinnati, Fort Worth, Indianapolis, E. St. Louis, and Sioux City.

LIVESTOCK CAR LOADINGS

A total of 18,792 cars were loaded with livestock during the week ended September 13, according to the Association of American Railroads. This was an increase of 5,102 cars over the same week a year ago but a decrease of 80 cars below the same week in 1945.



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LIVESTOCK PRICES AT LEADING MARKETS

Livestock prices at five western markets on Wednesday, September 24, 1947, reported by the Production & Marketing Administration:

BOGS: (Quotations based on hard hogs) St. L. Natl. Stk. Yds. Chicago Kansas City Omaha St. Paul

BARROWS AND GILTS:

Good and Choice:

120-140 lbs.	\$23.50-25.75	\$22.00-24.50	\$.....	\$.....	\$.....
140-160 lbs.	23.00-27.25	24.00-26.50	25.00-26.00	25.50-27.50	26.00-26.50
160-180 lbs.	27.00-28.25	25.50-27.50	25.50-27.50	27.00-28.25	26.50-28.00
180-200 lbs.	28.00-28.50	27.00-28.00	27.00-28.00	28.00-28.50	28.00-28.50
200-220 lbs.	28.00-28.50	27.75-28.25	27.75-28.25	28.25-29.00	28.50-only
220-240 lbs.	28.00-28.50	28.00-28.25	27.75-28.25	28.25-28.75	28.50-only
240-270 lbs.	27.75-28.50	28.00-28.25	27.75-28.25	27.75-28.50	28.00-28.50
270-300 lbs.	27.00-28.25	27.50-28.25	27.75-28.10	27.25-28.00	27.00-28.00
300-330 lbs.	26.75-27.50	27.25-27.75	27.50-27.85	26.50-27.50	26.75-27.00
330-360 lbs.	26.25-27.25	26.50-27.50	27.00-27.75	26.00-26.75	26.50-26.75

Medium:

160-220 lbs.	25.00-28.00	23.00-27.00	25.00-27.75	24.50-28.25	25.50-26.25
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SOVS:

Good and Choice:

270-300 lbs.	26.75-27.25	26.75-27.00	26.00-26.75	25.50-25.75	26.50-only
300-330 lbs.	26.75-27.25	26.25-26.75	26.00-26.75	25.50-25.75	26.50-only
330-360 lbs.	26.25-27.25	25.75-26.50	25.50-26.50	25.50-25.75	26.00-26.50
360-400 lbs.	26.25-27.00	24.75-26.00	24.75-26.25	24.75-25.50	25.50-26.00

Good:

400-450 lbs.	25.25-26.75	23.75-25.00	23.50-25.50	24.25-25.00	25.00-25.50
450-550 lbs.	23.50-26.00	22.50-24.00	22.50-24.00	24.00-24.50	24.50-25.00

Medium:

250-350 lbs.	21.00-26.50	19.50-26.00	22.00-25.50	28.00-25.50	24.00-24.25
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PIGS (Slaughter):

Medium and Good:

80-120 lbs.	18.50-23.75	18.00-23.00
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SLAUGHTER CATTLE, VEALERS AND CALVES:

STEERS, Choice:

700-900 lbs.	29.00-32.50	28.50-32.50	28.50-31.50	28.75-31.50	29.00-32.00
900-1100 lbs.	30.00-33.50	30.50-33.50	29.50-33.00	29.50-33.50	29.50-33.50
1100-1300 lbs.	30.50-34.00	32.50-34.75	30.50-33.50	30.50-34.50	30.00-34.00
1300-1500 lbs.	31.00-34.00	33.00-35.25	31.00-34.00	30.50-34.50	30.00-34.50

STEERS, Good:

700-900 lbs.	24.50-29.00	24.50-28.50	24.00-30.00	24.25-29.00	25.00-29.50
900-1100 lbs.	25.00-30.00	24.00-30.50	24.25-30.50	24.75-30.50	25.00-30.00
1100-1300 lbs.	25.50-30.50	26.50-32.50	25.25-30.50	25.00-30.50	25.00-30.00
1300-1500 lbs.	26.00-31.00	27.50-33.00	26.50-31.00	25.50-30.50	25.00-30.00

STEERS, Medium:

700-1100 lbs.	18.00-24.50	17.00-24.50	19.00-25.50	18.00-25.00	18.00-25.00
1100-1300 lbs.	19.00-26.00	18.00-25.50	20.50-26.00	21.00-25.25	18.00-25.00

STEERS, Common:

700-1100 lbs.	16.00-19.00	16.00-17.50	16.00-19.00	16.25-19.50	14.00-18.00
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HEIFERS, Choice:

600-800 lbs.	27.50-30.50	27.50-30.00	26.75-30.00	27.75-29.50	28.00-30.00
800-1000 lbs.	28.00-31.00	28.25-31.00	27.50-31.00	28.00-30.50	28.00-31.00

HEIFERS, Good:

600-800 lbs.	24.00-27.50	23.50-27.50	21.75-26.75	24.00-28.00	23.50-28.00
800-1000 lbs.	25.00-28.00	25.00-28.50	22.50-27.50	24.50-28.00	23.50-28.00

HEIFERS, Medium:

500-900 lbs.	16.50-25.00	17.00-23.50	14.25-22.50	16.50-24.50	17.00-23.50
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HEIFERS, Common:

500-900 lbs.	13.00-16.50	14.00-17.00	11.50-14.25	13.50-16.50	13.50-17.00
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COWS (All Weights):

Good	16.50-18.50	17.50-20.50	15.75-18.50	16.00-19.00	16.50-19.00
Medium	14.00-16.50	14.50-17.50	13.75-15.75	14.00-16.00	14.00-16.50
Cut. & Com.	12.00-14.00	12.00-14.00	11.50-13.75	12.25-14.00	11.50-14.00
Canners	10.50-12.00	11.00-12.00	10.00-11.50	12.25-12.25	10.50-11.50

BULLS (Yrln. Excl.). All Weights:

Beef, good	17.50-18.25	18.00-19.00	17.00-17.50	17.50-18.00	17.00-18.00
Sausage, good	17.00-17.50	17.75-18.75	16.75-17.50	17.25-17.75	17.00-18.00
Sausage, medium	15.50-17.00	15.00-17.75	14.50-16.75	16.25-17.25	15.75-17.00
Sausage, cut. & com.	12.50-15.50	13.00-15.00	11.75-14.50	14.50-16.25	13.00-15.75

VEALERS (All Weights):

Good & choice	23.00-27.50	25.50-26.50	21.00-23.50	18.00-21.00	23.00-28.00
Com. & med.	13.00-23.00	16.00-25.00	11.50-21.00	12.00-18.00	14.00-23.00
Cull	8.00-13.00	14.00-16.00	7.50-11.50	10.00-12.00	10.00-14.00

CALVES (500 lbs. Down):

Good & choice	18.00-21.00	18.00-20.00	17.00-21.50	17.50-20.00	16.00-20.00
Com. & med.	13.00-18.00	13.00-18.00	11.00-17.00	12.00-17.50	12.00-16.00
Cull	9.00-13.00	11.00-13.00	7.50-11.00	10.00-12.00	10.00-12.00

SLAUGHTER LAMBS AND SHEEP:

LAMBS (Spring) Choice:

(Closely sorted)	.....	.....	22.75-23.25	.....	.....
Good & choice*	22.75-23.50	22.75-23.00	22.00-23.00	22.00-22.75	22.25-23.50
Medium & good*	19.00-22.50	18.50-22.50	18.75-21.75	17.50-21.75	17.75-22.00
Common	16.00-18.00	16.00-18.00	16.00-18.50	14.00-16.50	15.00-17.50

YRLG. WETHERS:

Good & choice*	.....	19.50-20.50	17.00-18.00	.....	.....
Medium & good*	.....	16.00-19.25	15.00-16.75	.....	.....


EWES:

Good & choice*	7.75-8.75	8.75-10.00	7.25-7.75	7.25-8.00	8.25-9.50
Com. & med.	6.75-7.50	7.00-8.50	5.75-7.00	6.00-7.25	6.25-8.00

*Quotations on slaughter lambs and yearlings of Good and Choice grades and the Medium and Good grades and on ewes of Good and Choice grades as combined represent lots averaging within the top half of the Good and the top half of the Medium grades, respectively.

*Quotations on woolled stock based on animals of current seasonal market weight and wool growth, those on shorn stock on animals with No. 1 and 2 pelts.

*Quotations on shorn basis.



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SLAUGHTER REPORTS

Special reports to THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER showing the number of livestock slaughtered at 13 centers for the week ended September 20, 1947.

CATTLE

	Week ended Sept. 20	Prev. week	Cor. week, 1946
Chicago	24,915	25,322	2,347
Kansas City	40,234	42,151	11,996
Omaha	26,241	28,999	11,456
E. St. Louis	12,743	15,103	12,112
St. Joseph	14,218	13,456	3,189
St. Paul	11,274	12,594	7,676
Wichita	4,300	4,783	1,058
New York & Jersey City	7,126	10,666	3,222
Okla. City	16,417	13,335	5,973
Cincinnati	7,538	7,659	3,276
Deseret	9,291	10,168	3,297
St. Paul	17,405	17,368	3,104
Milwaukee	3,797	4,910	1,325
Total	195,499	206,534	43,031

HOGS

Chicago	27,841	27,441	3,953
Kansas City	8,708	8,689	12,532
Omaha	23,004	25,424	13,689
E. St. Louis	26,583	18,638	3,094
St. Joseph	13,213	13,101	730
St. Paul	13,588	14,634	12,442
Wichita	2,655	2,628	859
New York & Jersey City	28,952	31,269	4,343
Okla. City	3,545	6,624	866
Cincinnati	16,738	15,002	1,494
Deseret	9,873	7,505	2,461
St. Paul	15,274	21,913	1,988
Milwaukee	8,753	8,792	783
Total	190,747	197,200	29,734

SHEEP

Chicago	6,832	9,681	5,196
Kansas City	15,988	10,067	13,463
Omaha	28,008	24,190	13,625
E. St. Louis	11,123	12,486	6,668
St. Joseph	18,962	13,630	4,340
St. Paul	5,093	5,978	10,583
Wichita	1,381	1,721	1,235
New York & Jersey City	30,760	40,946	33,920
Okla. City	6,928	5,493	2,534
Cincinnati	835	1,274	5,590
Deseret	16,837	14,503	17,108
St. Paul	16,007	10,681	3,715
Milwaukee	1,145	1,319	861
Total	159,919	157,975	122,847

Cattle and calves.

Federally inspected slaughter, including directs.

Stockyards sales for local slaughter.

Stockyards receipts for local slaughter, including directs.

BALTIMORE LIVESTOCK

Livestock prices at the Baltimore, Md., market on September 23, 1947:

CATTLE:

Steers, gd.	\$24.00@27.00
Steers, med.	18.00@23.75
Cows, good	16.00@18.00
Cows, com. & med.	13.00@16.00
Hogs, cut. & can.	11.00@13.00
Hogs, sausage	15.00@19.00

CALVES:

Fealers, gd. to ch.	\$21.00@25.00
Com. to med.	13.00@20.00
Call to com.	9.00@11.00

HOGS:

Gd. & ch.	\$28.00@28.75
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LAMBS:

Gd. & ch.	\$24.00@25.00
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NEW YORK RECEIPTS

Receipts of salable livestock at Jersey City and 41st St., New York market for week ended September 20, 1947:

	Cattle	Calves	Hogs*	Sheep
Salable	684	3,347	564	739
Total (incl. directs)	3,519	8,373	16,592	18,875
Previous week:				
Salable	568	2,370	461	824
Total (incl. directs)	4,257	9,306	18,982	36,942
*Including hogs at 31st street.				

CORN BELT DIRECT TRADING

(Reported by Office of Production & Marketing Administration.)

Des Moines, Ia., September 25.—At the 10 concentration yards and 11 packing plants in Iowa and Minnesota through the first four days this week barrows and gilts under 270 lbs. sold 75c to \$1.25 lower; while heavier weights sold 25c to \$1.00 lower, and sows were steady to 50c lower. Thursday's market was largely steady with Wednesday's averages. Quotations Thursday ranged as follows:

Hogs, good to choice:

160-180 lb.	\$22.75@27.00
180-240 lb.	26.75@27.75
240-330 lb.	25.50@27.75
360-500 lb.	25.00@27.00

Sows:

270-330 lb.	\$24.30@26.00
400-550 lb.	21.55@24.75

Receipts of hogs at Corn Belt markets for the week ended September 25 were:

	This week	Same day last wk.
Sept. 19	24,500	27,500
Sept. 20	28,200	28,500
Sept. 21	24,300	25,200
Sept. 22	24,300	18,300
Sept. 23	24,200	18,400
Sept. 24	24,000	20,300
Sept. 25	23,800	

LIVESTOCK RECEIPTS

Receipts at major livestock markets were as follows:

AT 20 MARKETS, WEEK ENDED:

	Cattle	Hogs	Sheep
Sept. 20	383,000	298,000	306,000
Sept. 13	379,000	316,000	247,000
1946	222,000	48,000	535,000
1945	378,000	181,000	432,000
1944	387,000	340,000	556,000

AT 11 MARKETS, WEEK ENDED:

	Hogs
Sept. 20	236,000
Sept. 13	254,000
1946	33,000
1945	150,000
1944	206,000

AT 7 MARKETS, WEEK ENDED:

	Cattle	Hogs	Sheep
Sept. 20	238,000	183,000	161,000
Sept. 13	270,000	200,000	142,000
1946	157,000	28,000	144,000
1945	207,000	118,000	225,000
1944	283,000	208,000	323,000

CANADIAN KILL

Inspected slaughter in Canada for week ended September 13 as reported by the Dominion Department of Agriculture:

CATTLE

	Week Ended Sept. 13	Same Week Last Year
Western Canada	12,750	22,980
Eastern Canada	8,988	15,488
Total	21,738	38,468

HOGS

Western Canada	17,228
Eastern Canada	39,378
Total	56,606

SHEEP

Western Canada	7,474
Eastern Canada	10,469
Total	17,973

Wholesalers and Boners

BEEF • PORK • LAMB VEAL • OFFAL

All Inquiries Welcome

PHILADELPHIA BONELESS BEEF CO.
223 CALLOWHILL STREET, PHILADELPHIA 23, PA.
U.S. GOVT. INSPECTION

THE WM. SCHLUDERBERG—T. J. KURDLE CO.

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Superior Packing Co.

Price Quality Service



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St. Paul

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Carlots

Barrel Lots

RATH MEATS

Finer Flavor from the Land O' Corn!

Black Hawk Hams and Bacon
Pork • Beef • Veal • Lamb
Vacuum Cooked Meats

THE RATH PACKING COMPANY, Waterloo, Iowa

WEEKLY INSPECTED SLAUGHTER

Inspected slaughter of livestock at 32 centers for the week ended Sept. 20, as reported by the USDA, shows a decrease for cattle and calves, but an increase for hogs and sheep compared with the previous week.

	Cattle	Calves	Hogs	Sheep and Lambs
NORTH ATLANTIC				
New York, Newark, Jersey City.....	7,126	10,247	28,952	30,760
Baltimore, Philadelphia.....	6,494	2,316	17,369	1,639
NORTH CENTRAL				
Cincinnati, Cleveland, Indianapolis.....	15,534	4,421	55,637	10,574
Chicago, Elburn.....	31,710	13,997	67,394	26,364
St. Paul-Wis. Group.....	30,223	17,685	57,102	21,451
St. Louis Area.....	21,237	17,702	53,833	19,462
Sioux City.....	10,841	775	16,958	10,266
Omaha.....	23,915	1,470	25,677	32,129
Kansas City.....	31,212	12,535	27,039	24,854
Iowa and So. Minn.....	18,897	6,862	115,524	38,612
SOUTHEAST				
.....	9,200	6,277	14,882	27
SOUTH CENTRAL WEST				
.....	31,765	19,891	33,684	46,031
ROCKY MOUNTAIN				
.....	8,277	1,644	8,553	20,023
PACIFIC				
.....	21,229	5,046	22,184	31,728
Grand Total	267,600	120,868	544,788	313,920
Total week ago	270,943	121,962	517,095	290,178
Total same week 1946	50,612	57,029	61,451	254,239

*Includes St. Paul, So. St. Paul, Newport, Minn., and Madison, Milwaukee, Green Bay, Wisc. *Includes St. Louis National Stockyards, E. St. Louis, Ill., and St. Louis Mo. *Includes Cedar Rapids, Des Moines, Fort Dodge, Mason City, Marshalltown, Ottumwa, Storm Lake, Waterloo, Iowa, and Albert Lea, Austin, Minn. *Includes Birmingham, Dothan, Montgomery, Ala., Tallahassee, Fla., and Albany, Atlanta, Columbus, Moultrie, Thomasville, Tifton, Ga. *Includes So. St. Joseph, Mo., Wichita, Kansas, Oklahoma City, Okla., Ft. Worth, Texas. *Includes Denver, Colo., Ogden and Salt Lake City, Utah. *Includes Los Angeles, Vernon, San Francisco, San Jose, Sacramento, Vallejo, Calif.

NOTE: Packing plants included in above tabulations slaughtered approximately the following percentages of total slaughter under Federal Meat Inspection during:—August, 1947—Cattle 72.0, Calves 69.8, Hogs 76.7, Sheep and Lambs 87.9.

SOUTHEASTERN RECEIPTS

Receipts of livestock as reported by the Production and Marketing Administration at eight southern packing plants located at Albany, Columbus, Moultrie, Thomasville, and Tifton, Georgia; Dothan, Alabama; Jacksonville and Tallahassee, Florida, are compared with the previous week and with the corresponding week last year.

	Cattle	Calves	Hogs
Week ended Sept. 19.....	4,051	1,095	7,019
Week ended Sept. 12.....	3,435	1,002	6,064
Cor. week last year.....	2,979	1,250	1,080

MEAT SUPPLIES AT NEW YORK

(Reported by the U. S. D. A., Production & Marketing Administration)

WESTERN DRESSED MEATS	
STEER:	
Week ending Sept. 20, 1947.....	12,133
Week previous.....	13,879
Same week year ago.....	507
COW:	
Week ending Sept. 20, 1947.....	3,361
Week previous.....	2,694
Same week year ago.....	520
BULL:	
Week ending Sept. 20, 1947.....	364
Week previous.....	327
Same week year ago.....	2
VEAL:	
Week ending Sept. 20, 1947.....	16,103
Week previous.....	13,423
Same week year ago.....	6,464
LAMB:	
Week ending Sept. 20, 1947.....	42,131
Week previous.....	35,178
Same week year ago.....	10,741
MUTTON:	
Week ending Sept. 20, 1947.....	5,023
Week previous.....	5,375
Same week year ago.....	3,094
HOG AND PIG:	
Week ending Sept. 20, 1947.....	2,761
Week previous.....	1,937
Same week year ago.....	1,200
PORK CUTS:	
Week ending Sept. 20, 1947.....	2,220,774
Week previous.....	1,545,654
Same week year ago.....	135,815
BEEF CUTS:	
Week ending Sept. 20, 1947.....	193,279
Week previous.....	305,435
Same week year ago.....	35,692
VEAL AND CALF:	
Week ending Sept. 20, 1947.....	2,844
Week previous.....	1,427
Same week year ago.....	10,003
LAMB AND MUTTON:	
Week ending Sept. 20, 1947.....	3,695
Week previous.....	27,406
Same week year ago.....	.....

BEEF CURED:	
Week ending Sept. 20, 1947.....	25,220
Week previous.....	18,536
Same week year ago.....	8,678

PORK CURED AND SMOKED:	
Week ending Sept. 20, 1947.....	1,367,970
Week previous.....	1,393,560
Same week year ago.....	200,423

LARD AND PORK FAT:	
Week ending Sept. 20, 1947.....	114,729
Week previous.....	100,296
Same week 1946.....	32,798

LOCAL SLAUGHTERS

STEERS:	
Week ending Sept. 20, 1947.....	4,508
Week previous.....	6,800
Same week year ago.....	2,247

COWS:	
Week ending Sept. 20, 1947.....	1,670
Week previous.....	2,365
Same week year ago.....	442

BULLS:	
Week ending Sept. 20, 1947.....	948
Week previous.....	1,298
Same week year ago.....	333

CALVES:	
Week ending Sept. 20, 1947.....	10,247
Week previous.....	13,959
Same week year ago.....	7,211

HOGS:	
Week ending Sept. 20, 1947.....	28,832
Week previous.....	31,298
Same week year ago.....	4,343

SHEEP:	
Week ending Sept. 20, 1947.....	30,760
Week previous.....	40,944
Same week year ago.....	33,920

Country dressed product at New York totaled 4,108 veal, 6 hogs and 77 lambs in addition to that shown above. Previous week 4,531 veal, 5 hogs and 70 lambs. Same week 1946, 3,157 veal, no hogs and 121 lambs.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING • For Additional Ads See Opposite Page 45

PLANTS FOR SALE

LARGE OHIO PACKING HOUSE

FOR SALE: Large Ohio packing house with weekly capacity 4,000 hogs, 750 cattle. Federally inspected. 250,000 feet of buildings. Ample room for expansion. Railroad siding. This is a well-known going concern with an annual business of over \$10,000,000. For complete information write or call:

REUBEN CARLSON

Arthur Beerman Realty Company
American Building, Dayton, Ohio

Telephone Fulton 4101

FOR SALE: New modern medium sized packing plant with finest and latest equipment. Doing over one million dollars annually. Good location, unlimited possibilities. \$150,000.00 to handle, now showing good profits. Reason for selling, illness. FS-237, THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, 407 S. Dearborn St., Chicago 5, Ill.

PLANTS FOR SALE

FOR SALE: Small modern packing plant in Van Buren, Arkansas. Killing floor, sausage factory, new refrigeration, good trade territory. Will take partner or sales manager or sell outright. \$7,000.00. P. O. Box 247, Van Buren, Ark.

Small Newly Built Plant

Convenient one-floor operation. Complete with smokehouses, sausage kitchen, pickling room, two sales coolers. Loading platform and railroad siding. Located in central New Jersey. Present activities include jobbing beef, veal and lamb. Dissolving partnership. Real opportunity. FS-248, THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, 740 Lexington Ave., New York 22, N. Y.

Packing Plant and Spice House For Sale

Producers and distributors of beef, pork and lamb name brand products. Located in heart of Missouri livestock area. Killing capacity 250 cattle or 800 hogs weekly. Unusual opportunity. Also spice business for sale. H. H. Prausnitz, 5849 W. Ohio St., Chicago 44, Ill.

Rendering Plant

Brand new, latest equipment. Established bone and offal business, low labor costs. A money maker in the southwest. FS-258, THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, 407 S. Dearborn St., Chicago 5, Ill.

FOR SALE: New modern medium sized packing plant with good equipment, in good location, with unlimited possibilities. Price \$65,000.00. FS-259, THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, 407 S. Dearborn St., Chicago 5, Ill.

FOR SALE: Combined locker and packing plant. Modern, completed in October 1946. All lockers rented. Equipped for federal inspection. Inquire Box 28, Bloomfield, Indiana.

FOR SALE: Small packing plant located in Colorado. Owner retiring. Price \$60,000.00. FS-249, THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, 407 S. Dearborn St., Chicago 5, Ill.

POSITION WANTED

Packing House Executive Sales and Promotion

Desires to become affiliated with medium size packing, jobbing or branch plant. Will make investment if services prove satisfactory. Understand all slaughter operations, breaking and jobbing room, sales, credit, office, refrigeration, steam and gas plant, truck and equipment maintenance and repairs, some sausage and curing, also some rendering. Good knowledge of B.A.I. and other governmental regulations such as army, navy and export. My education was planned to the meat industry. High school graduate plus 2 years' mechanical and technical school. 21 years' experience in the meat business. 43 years old, married with family. Health is good and have no bad habits. Salary is secondary to opportunity. Willing to work long hours to make your endeavor successful. I have enough confidence in my ability to invest in your business to prove it. If necessary. You provide the opportunity and I will prove myself either in sales, production or management. Willing to go anywhere, but desire to locate west of the Rockies. Have travelled extensively on business principally sales and livestock buying. I am not a procrastinator and thrive on responsibility. Your reply will be treated with the utmost confidence and I would appreciate the same. Reply to Box W-251, THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, 407 S. Dearborn St., Chicago 5, Ill.

PLANT SUPERINTENDENT: Thoroughly qualified and experienced in supervising all phases of plant operation—slaughtering, cutting, sausage manufacturing, curing, edible and inedible rendering, casings, etc. Inspires respect and cooperation of foremen and labor. W-252, THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, 407 S. Dearborn St., Chicago 5, Ill.

LIVESTOCK BUYER: 15 years' experience buying for packers. 37 years of age. Desires connection with established firm. Can furnish the best of references. Write W-253, THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, 407 S. Dearborn St., Chicago 5, Ill.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

Unemployed; set solid. Minimum 20 words \$4.00; additional words 20c each. "Position wanted," special rates: minimum 10 words \$3.00, additional words 15c each. Count address

or box numbers as 8 words. Headlines 75c extra. Listing advertisements 75c per line. Displayed, \$8.25 per inch. Contract rates on request.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING PAYABLE IN ADVANCE. PLEASE REMIT WITH ORDER.

EQUIPMENT FOR SALE

LOOK!

Miller-5 H.P. Dutton, gas fired, used, good condition, 100 wt. ASME code.....	\$ 125.00
Sales-Chatillon-Meat Beam-New.....	24.00
Grice Mill-Gump.....	50.00
Silent Cutter-#3 Boss, 36" bowl with 20 H.P. motor.....	450.00
Line Chopper-Hercules with 15 H.P. motor.....	225.00
Filter Press-Sperry 18", Type 41 plate and frame, bottom feed, top discharge.....	400.00
Ice Machine-Carrier-5 H.P.-Freon-complete with 2 H.P. diffuser.....	825.00
Meat Mixer-Boss 750# cap., less motor, belt drive.....	450.00

Aaron Equipment Co.

Offices and Warehouse
1347 S. Ashland Ave., Chicago 5, Ill.
CHSapeake 5300

Meat Packers-Attention

FOR SALE: 1-Hottmann #24 Mixer, 600# capacity, equires 40 HP, jacketed trough; 1-Enterprise #100 Meat Grinder, belt driven. 3-Mechanical Fryers, 5'x12"; 1-Cast Iron 3000 gallon jacketed Kettle; 12-Stainless jacketed Kettles, 80, 40, 60 gallons; 30-Aluminum jacketed Kettles, 8, 40, 60, 100 gallon; 2-Albright-Neil 4x9" Lard Roller; 1-Brecht 1000# Meat Mixer. Send us your inquiries.

WHAT HAVE YOU FOR SALE?
CONSOLIDATED PRODUCTS CO., INC.
14-19 Park Row, New York City, N. Y.

TRUCK REFRIGERATING UNIT: Thermo-King models CTA, completely automatic, self-contained from gas units each driven by a gasoline engine. Unit trailers having about 30' clear space above drivers' cab and fits through a 25' square hole near the ceiling in front end of trailer. Will maintain 35-40° temp. indefinitely in largest trailer (over in smaller bodies) at only a few cents cost per hour for gas and oil. We have 4 brand-new units available and have good reason for not using them ourselves.

FN-505, THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER,
407 S. Dearborn St., Chicago 5, Ill.

For Immediate Delivery from Stock

800# Boss Meat Mixer with 10 HP motor
Silent Cutter Boss 36" Bowl with 20 HP motor
Silent Cutter Buffalo 43A & other sizes
Rotary Cutter with 21-20" Round Blades
Bacon Slicers; Hottmann Mixers; Stuffers; Tanks; Grinders; Retorts; Hammer Mills. We buy & sell single items & complete plants.

NEWMAN TALLOW & SOAP MACHINERY CO.

1051 W. 35th St., Chicago 9, Ill.

FOR SALE: One new SMOKE MASTER in perfect condition. Used less than a month. \$375. The Slaughter Stores, Austin, Texas.

HELP WANTED

Assistant Market Reporter

Should have broad basic knowledge of buying and selling of meat cuts, by-products and livestock, and be familiar with all general product specifications. To start will work as general assistant in market reporting department, where training will be given in market analysis and reporting, with full opportunity to gain full knowledge of methods and procedures. Position is steady and permanent, with opportunity for advancement. Write giving full particulars of experience, age, salary desired, as well as personal details. All replies will be kept confidential. W-254, THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, 407 S. Dearborn St., Chicago 5, Ill.

HELP WANTED

Mechanical Superintendent

Wanted to supervise maintenance crew, also power and refrigeration departments in a modern eastern meat packing plant. Must be experienced in efficiently organizing and planning the work of millwrights, electricians, sheet metal workers, pipefitters and others. Must be familiar with operation of steam boilers and refrigerating machinery. Need not be graduate engineer, but knowledge of engineering principles is necessary. In replying give full information including age, names of former employers, educational background and other data you feel may prove beneficial to you. W-242, THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, 407 S. Dearborn St., Chicago 5, Ill.

SAUSAGE MAKER: One who is experienced and capable of taking charge of sausage manufacturing, preferably with experience in canning hams. W-255, THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, 407 S. Dearborn St., Chicago 5, Ill.

SALES MANAGER: Wanted for small meat packing plant in east. State age, experience and references. W-256, THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, 407 S. Dearborn St., Chicago 5, Ill.

WANTED: BEEF BONEER BY THE HUNDRED WEIGHT. W-257, THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, 407 S. Dearborn St., Chicago 5, Ill.

SKINNER: For rendering plant. Good opportunity for dependable man. Guttridge Rendering Co., P. O. Box 1182, Plainfield, N. J.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

PROBLEMS

Costs
Processing

Our staff consists of experienced, practical meat plant men who know where to look for trouble.

Our system eliminates losses, revises formulas, produces sausage and meat specialties in demand.

A combination check-up of costs and processing will put your plant on a profitable basis. Our fee is nominal. The results phenomenal. Why operate at a loss? Let us help you. Confidential. W-250, THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, 740 Lexington Ave., New York 22, N. Y.

SAUSAGE CASING house in the east has an opening for first-class SALESMAN with following among sausage manufacturers. W-246, THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, 740 Lexington Ave., New York 22, N. Y.

CLAIM COLLECTION ON DEAD, MISSING, CRIPPLED ANIMALS AND SHRINKAGE AGAINST ALL CARRIERS AND FREIGHT BILL AUDITING. NO COLLECTION, NO CHARGE.

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Essential "Pocket Calculator" giving live and dressed carcass costs of cattle, sheep and hogs. Postpaid \$1.
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WATCH THIS COLUMN FOR WEEKLY SPECIALS

Barliant and Co. list below some of their current machinery and equipment offerings, for sale, available for prompt shipment unless otherwise stated, at prices quoted F.O.B. shipping points, subject to prior sale.

Write for Our Weekly Bulletin.

Killing Floor & Cutting

1-HOG DEHAIRER & HOIST, Boss, 200 hogs hourly, 15 HP motor, 16' Senior Jerkless hoist.....	\$2000.00
1-HOG DEHAIRER, NEW, Duppa #274, Grate type, 40 hogs hourly, throw-in, throw-out, 7 1/2 HP motor, orig. crate.....	1075.00
1-TRIPE SCALDER, NEW, 2 HP motor, 8 to 15 tripe capacity.....	795.00
1-HOG CARCASS CLEANER, Boss #135, direct drive, extra knives, plates, cylinders, worm & studs, excel. cond.....	1000.00
1-BAND SAW, Jones-Superior, 36" moving top, 5 HP motor, silent chain, overhauled.....	400.00
1-MEAT SAW, Kleen-Kut #2015, used less than 1 month.....	380.00
1-BAND SAW, Mechanical, 36" stationary table, pulley drive, excel. cond.....	175.00
4-LOIN TRUCKS, 5 removable wire shelves each, 34"x72", excel. cond. Ea.....	50.00
1-BEEF DROPPER, NEW, Globe #276.....	400.00
1-HOG VISCERA INSPECTION TABLE, NEW, Globe #240, 24"x30" pans.....	180.00

Rendering & Lard Equipment

3-COOKERS, NEW, 4x10, ASME specs., 20 HP motor, suitable pressure. Ea.....	4250.00
1-COOKER, Anco #860, 4'x10', Lard, Sanitary Rendering, 20 HP motor.....	3000.00
1-COOKER, Anco 4x10, 20 HP motor.....	2250.00
2-COOKERS, NEW, 4x7, 10 HP motor & drive, suitable internal pressure. Ea.....	3250.00
2-COOKERS, American Melting, 5x8, wire shelves each, 15 HP motor. Each.....	2150.00
2-COOKERS, Waste Saver, 4x7, 1 flat belt drive, 1 silent chain. Ea.....	675.00
1-HYDRAULIC PRESS, Anco 600 ton, with pump & fittings, guaranteed.....	5500.00
1-HYDRAULIC PRESS, NEW, Thomas Allbright 300 ton, double acting pump.....	3800.00
1-HYDRAULIC PRESS, 100 ton, 28x32 cup, 10" piston, less 3 HP motor.....	750.00
1-HOG, M & M, #15 CRSD, 60 HP motor, 18"x20" hopper opening.....	1850.00
1-EXPELLER, NEW, Anderson Duo, with tempering apparatus, drag elevator, mag. separator, variable feeder and 40 HP fan cooled type motor. Particulars on request.....	7750.00
4-EXPELLERS, Duo heavy duty, 50 HP motor, hopper, feeder, magnetic separator, 1944 Model.....	5500.00
1-EXPELLER, Anderson RB, magnetic separator, 15 HP motor, record.....	4250.00
1-HASHER-WASHER, Boss #272, 10"x30", 15 HP motor, excel. cond.....	1700.00

Sausage Equipment

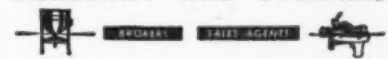
1-FROZEN MEAT SLICER, NEW, direct driven, 10,000# hourly, 18x18x25 cake size, with motor base, less motor.....	1675.00
1-SLICER, U. S. 150-B, with shingling device.....	625.00
1-SILENT CUTTER, Buffalo 43-B, without motor, excel. cond.....	650.00
1-COMBINATION SAUSAGE UNIT, Buffalo Silent Cutter, #31 Enterprise Grinder, new worm, 5 HP motor, ex. cond.....	465.00
1-GRINDER, Anco 25 HP motor, direct drive, extra knives, plates, cylinders, worm & studs, excel. cond.....	1000.00
1-GRINDER, NEW, Fleco 2 HP, heavy duty, 2000# capacity.....	425.00
5-MIXERS, NEW, Day model 1D, with 2 HP motors, 1 bbl. cap. Ea.....	550.00
1-MIXER, Brecht 700#, with 7 1/2 HP motor.....	500.00

Miscellaneous Equipment

2000-LARD TIERCES, Once used, fresh emptied.....	Bids Requested
1-REFRIGERATION UNIT: York Y-15 Ammonia Compressor, 5x5; 2 Ammonia Condensers, double pipe, 16' long, 1 1/2" & 8 pipes high, 1 1/2" and 2" pipe, complete.....	825.00
1-FLOOR SCALE, NEW, Toledo model #31-1541 FD, 48"x48" platform, #20 head.....	890.00
1 carload-STEEL DRUMS, suitable for grease and tallow. Each.....	1.25
1-BOOKKEEPING MACHINE, Burroughs, 13 bank, electric, excel. cond.....	625.00

Telephone, Wire or Write if interested in any of the items above, or in any other equipment. Your offerings of surplus and idle equipment are solicited.

BARLIANT AND COMPANY



7870 N. CLARK ST. • CHICAGO 26, ILL. • SHEDRAKE 2313

SPECIALISTS

In Used, Rebuilt and New Packing House Machinery, Equipment and Supplies

ADDITIONAL CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING ON PAGE 44

Meat and Gravy

A Milwaukee hamburger chain made good on its advertising recently when a Lemmon, S.D., newspaper man clipped a newspaper coupon and mailed it with 20¢ for five frozen hamburgers. The company spent 78¢ in postage alone to send the five budget burgers special delivery, packed in dry ice, to the long distance customer. The chain did not state whether it would accept repeat orders.



Nearly a ton of wieners, along with about two tons of kraut were served recently at the annual sauerkraut festival at Forrester, Ill., which, its sponsors claim, is the world's biggest free meal. Cooks began preparing the food long before daylight on the festival date, cooking the kraut in huge cauldrons over hickory and oak fires.



Canned music is being used to help fatten some 3,500 pigs on the farm of Morris Liethman and his brothers near Westville Grove, N. J. The farm owners have put two loud speakers on a pole in the feed pens, attached to a portable radio. They claim the music soothes the animals and they eat more. The pigs dislike jive music and prefer Guy Lombardo and Bing Crosby in particular, the brothers report.



The Lions club of Packingtown in Oklahoma City, Okla., has adopted a resolution renaming the area "Stockyards City." Merchants in the vicinity had complained of the various names applied to their section of the city—such as Pigtown, Pigville, Southwest Oklahoma City and Packingtown—and wanted one specific name, and one with dignity.



The government of Alberta, Canada, has announced inauguration of an all out campaign to exterminate coyotes, which are reported so numerous there that they threaten the sheep raising industry. The government will hire special coyote hunters and make coyote-killing machines available to farmers.



Willie Grout Post, Sons of Union Veterans, Worcester, Mass., recently observed a moment of solemn silence in honor of Myrtle, the turtle that died recently in New Brunswick, N.J. Myrtle was credited with being a veteran of the Civil War because of the words Vicksburg, 1865, engraved on its shell.

ADVERTISERS

in this issue of THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER



Allbright-Nell Co., The.....	7
Allied Manufacturing Company.....	26
Anderson, V. D., Company.....	21
Armour and Company.....	8
Asmus Bros. Incorporated.....	25
Barliant and Company.....	45
Cannon, H. P. & Son, Inc.....	18
Central Livestock Order Buying Company.....	40
Chili Products Corp.....	6
Cincinnati Butchers' Supply Co., The.....	24
Cincinnati Cotton Products Co.....	39
Corn Products Sales Company.....	4
Daniels Manufacturing Co.....	32
Darling & Co.....	38
Diamond Crystal Salt Division General Foods Corporation.....	33
Dirigo Sales Corporation.....	26
Dupps, John J., Co.....	34
Felin, John J. & Co., Inc.....	42
Fowler Casing Co., Ltd., The.....	37
French Oil Mill Machinery Company.....	37
Girdler Corporation, The.....	17
Globe Company, The.....	Third Cover
Gordon, J. M., Company.....	16
Great Lakes Stamp & Mfg. Co.....	25
Griffith Laboratories, Inc., The.....	3
Gruesskin, E. N., Co.....	41
Ham Boiler Corporation.....	33
Holly Molding Devices, Inc.....	22
Hoy Equipment Company.....	26
Hunter Packing Company.....	31
Hygrade Food Products Corp.....	41
Jackle, Frank R.....	37
James, E. G., Company.....	18
Kahn's Sons Co., E., The.....	42
Kellogg, Spencer and Sons, Inc.....	23
Kennett-Murray & Co.....	40
Kohn, Edward, Company.....	31
Kraft Foods Company.....	14
Krey Packing Co.....	31
Lancaster, Allwine & Rommel.....	23
Levi, Berth. & Co. Inc.....	35
Mayer, H. J. & Sons Co.....	28
McCormick & Company, Inc.....	22
McMurray, L. H., Inc.....	40
Menges, Lou, Organization Incorporated.....	35
Meyer, H. H., Packing Co., The.....	42
Mitts & Merrill.....	37
Monarch Provision Co.....	31
Moore, E. R., Company.....	34
New York Tramrail Co. Inc.....	35
Niagara Blower Company.....	34
Oakite Products, Inc.....	32
Ohio Natural Casing & Supply Co.....	22
Omaha Packing Co.....	Fourth Cover
Philadelphia Boneless Beef Co., Inc.....	43
Preservaline Manufacturing Co., The.....	5
Rath Packing Co.....	43
St. John & Co.....	24
Schaefer, Willibald, Company.....	36
Schwabe, Karl & Company.....	42
Schlesinger, H.....	35
Schludenberg, Wm.-T. J. Kurdie Co.....	43
Smith's, John E., Sons Company.....	Second Cover
Solvay Sales Corporation.....	22
Southeastern Live Stock Order Buyers.....	41
Sparks, Harry L. & Company.....	41
Specialty Manufacturers Sales Co.....	16
Stahl-Meyer, Inc.....	31
Stedman's Foundry & Machine Works.....	35
Superior Packing Company.....	43
Transparent Package Company.....	First Cover
Viking Pump Company.....	33
Waxed Paper Institute, Inc.....	35
Wilmington Provision Co.....	42

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